

CRPL-F 160 PART B

FOR OFFICIAL USE

PART B

SOLAR - GEOPHYSICAL DATA

ISSUED  
DECEMBER 1957.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE  
NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS  
CENTRAL RADIO PROPAGATION LABORATORY  
BOULDER, COLORADO

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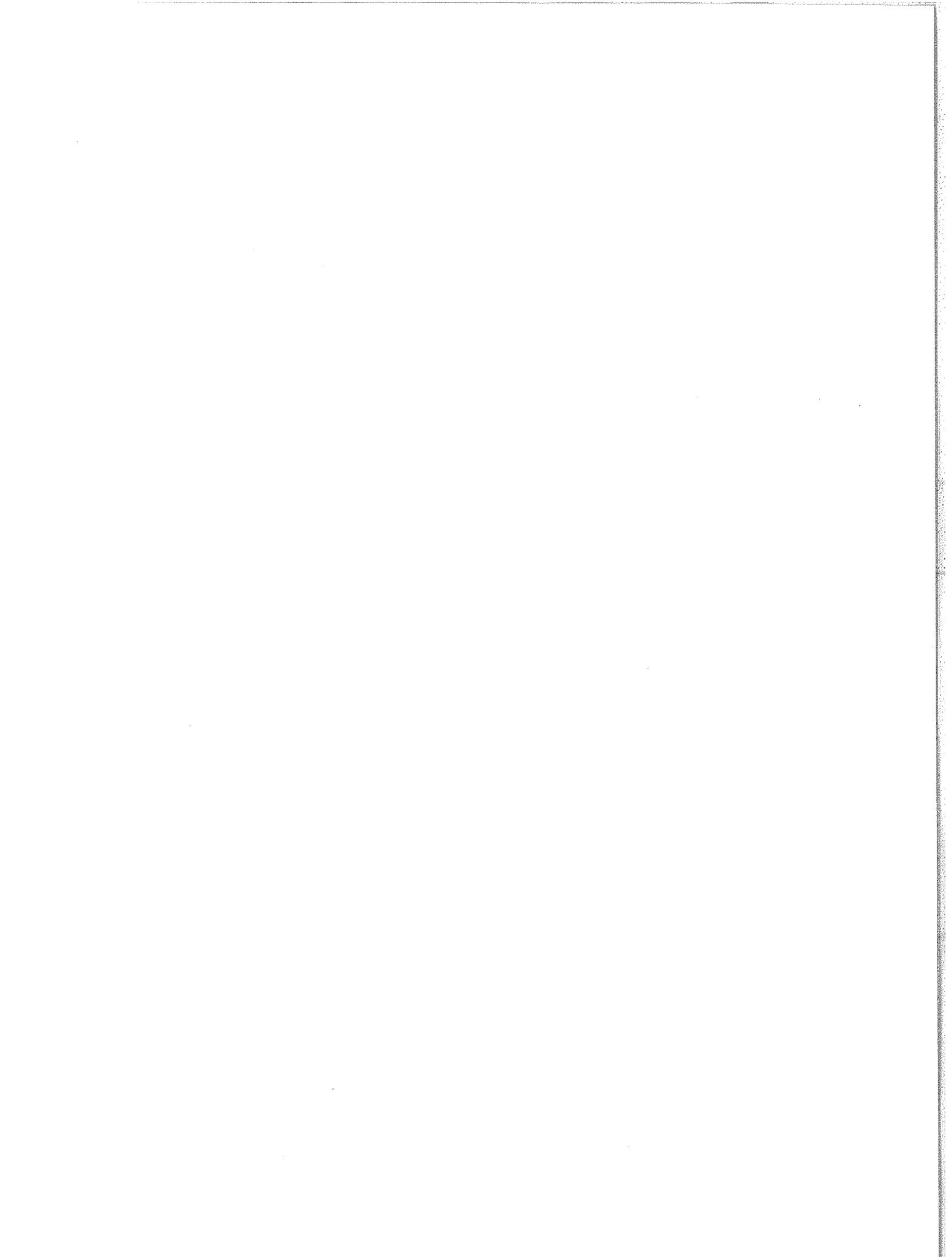
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# SOLAR - GEOPHYSICAL DATA

## INTRODUCTION

This monthly report series is intended to keep research workers abreast of the major particulars of solar activity and the associated ionospheric, radio propagation and other geophysical effects. It is made possible through the cooperation of many observatories, laboratories and agencies as recorded in the detailed description of the tables and graphs which follows. The report is edited by Miss J. V. Lincoln of the Sun-Earth Relationships Section.

### I - DAILY SOLAR INDICES

Relative Sunspot Numbers -- The table includes (1) the daily American relative sunspot numbers,  $R_A'$ , as compiled by the Solar Division of the American Association of Variable Star Observers, and (2) the provisional daily Zürich relative sunspot numbers,  $R_Z$ , as communicated by the Swiss Federal Observatory. Because of the time required to collect and reduce the observations,  $R_A'$  will normally appear one month later than  $R_Z$ .

The relative sunspot number is an index of the activity of the entire visible disk. It is determined each day without reference to preceding days. Each isolated cluster of sunspots is termed a sunspot group and it may consist of one or a large number of distinct spots whose size can range from 10 or more square degrees of the solar surface down to the limit of resolution (e.g. 1/8 square degrees). The relative sunspot number is defined as  $R = K(10g+s)$ , where  $g$  is the number of sunspot groups and  $s$  is the total number of distinct spots. The scale factor  $K$  (usually less than unity) depends on the observer and is intended to effect the conversion to the scale originated by Wolf. The observations for sunspot numbers are made by a rather small group of extraordinarily faithful observers, many of them amateurs, each with many years of experience. The counts are made visually with small, suitably protected telescopes.

Final values of  $R_Z$  appear in the IAU Quarterly Bulletin on Solar Activity, the Journal of Geophysical Research and elsewhere. They usually differ slightly from the provisional values. The American numbers,  $R_A'$ , are not revised.

Solar Flux Values, 2800 Mc -- The table also lists the daily values of solar flux at 2800 Mc recorded in watts/ $\text{m}^2/\text{cycle/second}$  bandwidth ( $\times 10^{-22}$ ) in two polarizations by the National Research Council at Ottawa, Canada. These solar radio noise indices are being published in accordance with CCIR Report 25 that a basic solar index for ionospheric propagation should be measured objectively and "preferably refer to a property of the sun such as radiation flux which has direct physical relationship to the ionosphere."

Graph of Sunspot Cycle -- The graph illustrates the recent trend of Cycle 19 of the 11-year sunspot cycle and some predictions of the future level of activity. The customary "12-month" smoothed index,  $\bar{R}$ , is used throughout, the data being final  $R_Z$  numbers except for the current year. Predictions shown are those made for one year after the latest available datum by the method of A. G. McNish and J. V. Lincoln (Trans. Am. Geophys. Union, 30, 673-685, 1949) modified by the use of regression coefficients and mean cycle values recomputed for Cycles 8 through 18. Cycle 19 began April 1954, when the minimum  $\bar{R}$  of 3.4 was reached.

## II SOLAR CENTERS OF ACTIVITY

Calcium Plage and Sunspot Regions -- The table gives particulars of the centers of activity visible on the solar disk during the preceding month. These are based on estimates made and reported on the day of observation and are therefore of limited reliability.

The table gives the heliographic coordinates of each center (taken as the calcium plage unless two or more significantly and individually active sunspot groups are included in an extended plage) in terms of the Greenwich date of passage of the sun's central meridian (CMP) and the latitude; the serial number of the plage as assigned by McMath-Hulbert Observatory; the serial number of the center in the previous solar rotation, if it is a persisting region; particulars of the plage at CMP: area, central intensity; a summary of the development of the plage during the current transit of the disk, where  $b$  = born on disk,  $t$  = passed to or from invisible hemisphere,  $d$  = died on disk, and  $/$  = increasing,  $-$  = stable,  $\backslash$  = decreasing; and age in solar rotations; particulars of the associated sunspot group, if any, at CMP: area and spot count and the summary of development during the current disk transit, similar to the above. The unit of area is a millionth of the area of a solar hemisphere; the central intensity of calcium plages is roughly estimated on a scale of 1 = faint to 5 = very bright.

Calcium plage data are available through the cooperation of the McMath-Hulbert Observatory of the University of Michigan and the Mt. Wilson Observatory. The sunspot data are compiled from reports from the U. S. Naval Observatory, Mt. Wilson Observatory, and from reports from Europe and Japan received through the daily Ursigram messages.

Coronal Line Emission Indices -- In the table are summarized solar coronal emission intensity indices for the green (Fe XIV at  $\lambda$ 5303) and red (Fe X at  $\lambda$ 6374) coronal lines. The indices are based on measurements made at  $5^\circ$  intervals around the periphery of the solar disk by the High Altitude Observatory at Climax, Colorado, and by Harvard University observers at Sacramento Peak (The USAF Upper Air Research Observatory at Sunspot, New Mexico, under contract AF 19(604)-146). The measurements are expressed as the number of millionths of

an Angstrom of the continuum of the center of the solar disk (at the same wavelength as the line) that would contain the same energy as the observed coronal line. The indices have the following meanings:

$G_6$  = mean of six highest line intensities in quadrant for  $\lambda 5303$ .

$R_6$  = same for  $\lambda 6374$ .

$G_1$  = highest value of intensity in quadrant, for  $\lambda 5303$ .

$R_1$  = same for  $\lambda 6374$ .

The dates given in the table correspond to the approximate time of CMP of the longitude zone represented by the indices. The actual observations were made for the North East and South East quadrants 7 days before; for the South West and North West quadrants 7 days after the CMP date given.

To obtain rough measures of the integrated emission of the entire solar disk in either of the lines, assuming the coronal changes to be small in a half solar rotation, it is satisfactory to perform the following type of summation given in example for 15 October:

$$(\text{MEAN DISK EMISSION IN } \lambda 5303)_{15 \text{ OCT}} = \frac{1}{N} \left[ \sum_{15 \text{ OCT}}^{22 \text{ OCT}} \left\{ (G_6)_{NE} + (G_6)_{SE} \right\} + \sum_{8 \text{ OCT}}^{14 \text{ OCT}} \left\{ (G_6)_{SW} + (G_6)_{NW} \right\} \right]$$

where N is the number of indices entering the summation.

Such integrated disk indices as well as integrated whole-sun indices are computed for each day and are published quarterly in the "Solar Activity Summary" issued by the High Altitude Observatory at Boulder, Colorado. In the same reports are given maps of the intensity distribution of coronal emission derived from all available Climax and Sacramento Peak observations, as well as other information on solar activity, such as maps made from daily limb prominence surveys in H $\alpha$  and notes regarding the history of active regions on the solar disk.

Preliminary summaries of solar activity, prepared on a fast schedule, are issued Friday of each week from High Altitude Observatory in conjunction with CRPL and include solar activity through the preceding day. These are useful to groups needing information on the current status of activity on the visible solar disk, but are not recommended for research uses unless such a prompt schedule of reporting is essential. The same information is included in the subsequent quarterly reports, with extensive additions, corrections and evaluations.

### III SOLAR FLARES

Optical Observations -- The table presents the preliminary record of solar flares as reported to the CRPL on a rapid schedule at the sacrifice of detailed accuracy. Definitive and complete data are published later in the Quarterly Bulletin on Solar Activity, I.A.U., in various observatory publications and elsewhere. The present listing serves to identify and roughly describe the phenomena observed.

Reporting directly to the CRPL are the following observatories: McMath-Hulbert, Wendelstein, Sacramento Peak, Mitaka and Swedish Astrophysical Station on Capri. The remainder report through the URSIgram centers or are available through the IGY World Data Center for Solar Activity in Boulder. Observations are in the light of the center of the H-alpha line unless noted otherwise. The reports from Sacramento Peak, New Mexico (communicated to CRPL by the High Altitude Observatory at Boulder) are from observations at the USAF Upper Air Research Observatory at Sunspot, New Mexico, by Harvard University observers, under contract AF 19(604)-146.

For each flare are listed the reporting observatory, the date, beginning and ending times, time of maximum phase, the heliographic coordinates in degrees, McMath serial number of the region, duration, the flare importance on the IAU scale of 1- to 3+, observing conditions where 1 means poor, 2 fair and 3 good, time of measurement for tabulated width of H $\alpha$  or tabulated area, measured (i.e. projected) maximum area in square degrees, corrected maximum area in square degrees which equals measured area times secant h where h is the heliocentric angle, maximum effective line-width in H $\alpha$  expressed in Angstroms, and maximum intensity of H $\alpha$  expressed in per cent of the continuous spectrum. The following symbols are used in the table:

D = Greater than  
E = Less than

F = Approximately  
G = Plus

A final column lists provisionally the occurrence of simultaneous ionospheric effects as observed on selected field-strength recordings of distant high-frequency radio transmissions; a more nearly definitive list of these ionospheric effects, including particulars, appears in these reports after the lapse of a month (see below). All times are Universal Time (UT or CCT). Subflares (importance 1-) are listed by date, time of beginning and their heliographic coordinates. A graph presents intervals for which there were no patrols for flare observations from the observatories whose complete data are published in the table.

Ionospheric Effects -- SII (and GID--gradual ionospheric disturbances) may be detected in a number of ways: short wave fadeouts, enhancement of low frequency atmospherics, increases in cosmic absorption, and so forth. The table lists events that have been recognized on field-strength recordings of distant high-frequency radio transmissions.

Under a coordinated program, the staffs at the following ionospheric sounding stations contribute reports that are screened and synthesized at CRPL-Boulder: Puerto Rico, Ft. Belvoir, Va., and Anchorage, Alaska (CRPL Stations: PR, BE, AN); Huancayo, Peru, and College, Alaska (CRPL-Associated Laboratories: HU, CO); and White Sands, N. Mex., Adak, Alaska, and Okinawa (U.S. Signal Corps Stations: WS, AD, OK). McMath-Hulbert Observatory (MC) also contributes such reports. In addition, reports are volunteered by RCA Communications Inc., Marconi Wireless, Netherlands Postal and Telecommunications Services, Swedish Telecommunications, and others; these usually specify times of SID and the radio paths involved.

In the coordinated program, the abnormal fades of field strength not obviously ascribable to other causes, are described as short wave fadeouts with the following further classification:

- S-SWF: sudden drop-out and gradual recovery
- Slow S-SWF: drop-out taking 5 to 15 minutes and gradual recovery
- G-SWF: gradual disturbance; fade irregular in both drop-out and recovery.

When there is agreement among the various reporting stations on the time (UT) of an event, it is accepted as a widespread phenomenon and listed in the table.

The degree of confidence in identifying the event, a subjective estimate, is reported by the stations and this is summarized in an index of certainty that the event is widespread, ranging from 1 (possible) to 5 (definite). The times given in the table for the event are from the report of a station (underlined in table) that identified it with high confidence. The criteria for the subjective importance rating assigned by each station on a scale of 1- to 3+ include amplitude of the fade, duration and confidence; greater consideration is given to reports on paths near the subsolar point in arriving at the summary importance rating given in the table.

Note: The tables of SID observed at Washington included in CRPL F-reports prior to F-135 were restricted to events classed here as S-SWF.

#### IV SOLAR RADIO WAVES

##### 2800 Mc Observations

The data on solar radio wave events made in Ottawa, Canada by the Radio and Electrical Engineering Division of the National Research Council (A. E. Covington) at 2800 Mc (10-cm emission) are presented. Near local noon (about 1700 UT) the sensitivity of the radiometer is determined and a mean flux for the whole day calculated. These values are given in a tabular form (see table I-1) in units of  $10^{-22}$  watts/ $\text{M}^2/\text{c/s}$ . Burst phenomena are measured above this level and are given in terms especially suitable for the variations

observed on this frequency. The basis for the classifications is described by Covington - J.R. Astro. Soc. Can. 45, 49, 1951 and Dodson, Hedeman and Covington, Ap. J. 119, 541, 1954. A modification in terminology with a view to simplification has been introduced and consists essentially of the omission of the descriptive word "Single" from the "Single-Simple" and "Single-Complex" classes; in designating the "Single", "Single-Simple" and "Rise and Fall" bursts into a single classification designated as "Simple Bursts" with an appropriate type number; in the addition of the letter "f" to indicate that the burst deviates from the basic pattern by the presence of one or more small fluctuations in intensity; and by the addition of the letter "A" to indicate that the event has another smaller duration event superimposed upon it.

### Simple Burst

Any single burst which rises to one maximum and then decreases to the pre-burst level.

1 - Simple 1 -- Simple burst, type 1 (formerly "single"). Bursts of intensity less than  $7 \frac{1}{2}$  flux units and duration less than  $7 \frac{1}{2}$  minutes.

2 - Simple 2 -- Simple burst, type 2 (formerly "single-simple"). Bursts of impulsive nature with intensity greater than  $7 \frac{1}{2}$  flux units.

3 - Simple 3 -- Simple burst, type 3 (formerly "rise and fall"). Bursts of moderate intensity with duration greater than  $7 \frac{1}{2}$  minutes.

4 - Post-burst increase -- Postburst level is greater than the preburst level. The gradual return to normal flux may require as long as several hours.

5 - Absorption following burst (negative post).

6 - Complex -- (formerly "single-complex"). A single burst which shows two or more comparable maxima before the activity has declined to zero.

7 - Period of irregular activity or fluctuations -- Series of overlapping bursts of moderate intensity and duration.

8 - Group -- Series of single isolated bursts occurring in succession with intensity between the events equal to the level before and after the group.

9 - Precursor -- A small increase of intensity occurring before a larger increase.

### Great Burst

Infrequently occurring bursts of great intensity, often of complicated structure.

### Letter "A"

Indicates that this event has another event superimposed upon it.

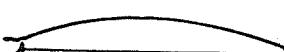
### Letter "f"

Indicates that the basic form of the event is modified by secondary fluctuations.

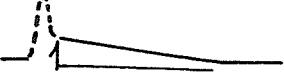
#### CLASS      TYPE

1      SIMPLE 1       RCVR. NOISE

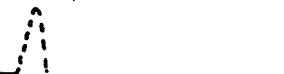
2      SIMPLE 2      

3      SIMPLE 3      

SIMPLE 3A      

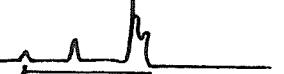
4      POST      

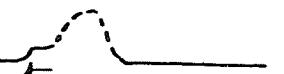
POST A      

5      ABSORPTION      

6      COMPLEX      

7      FLUCTUATIONS      

8      GROUP      

9      PRE      

 START      DURATION

## 200 Mc Observations

Data on solar radio waves made at Cornell University, Ithaca, N.Y. (Marshall Cohen) on 201.5 Mc are presented. All times are in Universal Time (UT or GCT). The antenna is linearly polarized and has a pattern appreciably broader than the solar disk. Flux is reported in units of  $10^{-22}$  watts/m<sup>2</sup>/cps and the tabulated numbers are twice the values observed in the one linear component.

Tables of flux and outstanding occurrences are given in general according to the systems used for the NBS 170 Mc and 450 Mc data.

## 170 Mc and 450 Mc Observations

Data on solar radio emission at the nominal frequencies of 170 Mc and 450 Mc recorded at the Gunbarrel Hill (Boulder) station of the National Bureau of Standards (R.S. Lawrence) are presented. The half width of the antenna lobe is appreciably greater than the solar disk. Polarization is not determined, but the dipole is oriented E-W. All times are in Universal Time (UT or GCT).

3-Hourly and Daily Flux Density and Variability -- Flux density is given in power units. These units are approximately  $10^{-22}$  watts meter<sup>-2</sup>(c/s)<sup>-1</sup> for both polarizations together. They will be subject to a correction factor when gain measurements of the antenna have been made. The median flux is measured for every one-hour period having at least thirty minutes of usable record and an applicable gain calibration. A three-hour value of flux is obtained by averaging the available one-hour medians (at least two required). A daily value of flux is obtained by averaging all available one-hour medians (at least four required). A dash indicates that insufficient measurements were made to meet the above requirements or that the records were not of usable quality. Flux values may be followed by the qualifying symbols D, S, and X defined subsequently.

The variability index, given for each three-hour interval, is on a scale 0 to 3 defined as follows:

0 - The instantaneous flux did not drop below one-half the median level or exceed twice the median level at any time.

1 - The instantaneous flux made from one to ten excursions

outside the range described above.

2 - The instantaneous flux made from ten to one hundred excursions outside the range described above.

3 - The instantaneous flux made more than one hundred excursions outside the range described above.

For the purpose of the variability index, an excursion whose maximum intensity is  $N$  times the median level is counted as  $N$  excursions. The variability index is omitted if measurements were made for less than one hour during the period. The variability for the day is the mean of the three-hourly values. The letter S follows variability indices which are in doubt because of atmospherics or local interference.

The observing periods are given in U. T. to the nearest 1/10 hour and they usually extend into the next Greenwich day.

Outstanding Occurrences -- A separate table lists the occurrences which are not adequately described by the three-hourly values of flux density and variability. Two classifications are given: (1) A system in general accord with that described and illustrated by Dodson, Hedeman, and Owren (Ap. J. 118, 169, 1953) and (2) the system described in the IGY Solar Activity Instruction Manual, prepared by the Radio Emission editor of the I.A.U. Quarterly Bulletin on Solar Activity.

In system (1) the occurrences are identified by numbers which do not necessarily indicate the magnitude of the event, as follows:

0 - Rise in base level -- A temporary increase in the continuum with duration of the order of tens of minutes to an hour.

1 - Series of bursts -- Bursts or groups of bursts, occurring intermittently over an interval of time of the order of minutes or hours. Such series of bursts are assigned as distinctive events only when they occur on a smooth record or show as a distinct change in the activity.

2 - Groups of bursts -- A cluster of bursts occurring in an interval of time of the order of minutes.

3 - Minor burst -- A burst of moderate or small amplitude, and duration of the order of one or two minutes.

4 - Minor burst and second part -- A double rise in flux in which the early rise is a minor burst.

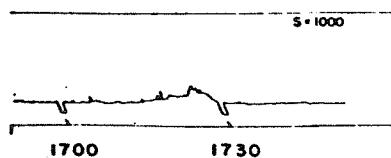
6 - Noise storm -- A temporary increase in radiation characterized by numerous closely spaced bursts, by an increase in the continuum, or by both. Duration is of the order of hours or days.

7 - Noise storm begins -- The onset of a noise storm occurs at some time during the observing period.

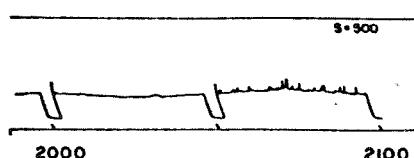
8 - Major burst -- An outburst, or other burst of large amplitude and more than average duration. A major burst is usually complex, with a duration of the order of one to ten minutes.

9A, 9B, or 9 - Major burst and second part or large event without distinct first and second parts -- If there is a double rise in flux, the first part, a major burst, is listed as 9A and the second part as 9B. The second part may consist of a rise in base level, a group or series of bursts, a noise storm. A major increase in flux with duration greater than ten minutes but without distinct first and second parts, is listed simply as 9.

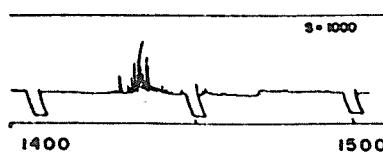
O-RISE IN BASE LEVEL



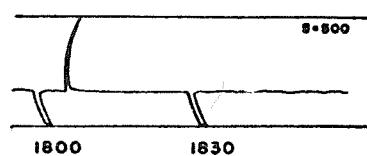
I-SERIES



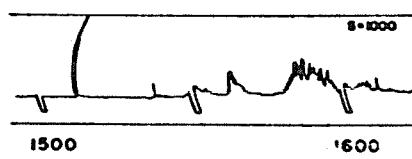
2 - GROUP



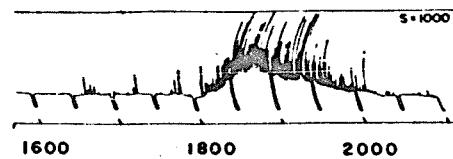
3 - MINOR



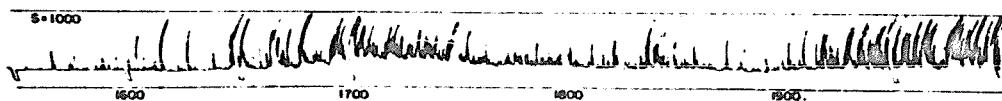
4 - MINOR+



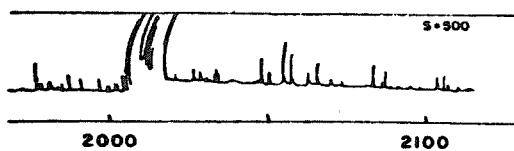
7-ONSET OF NOISE STORM



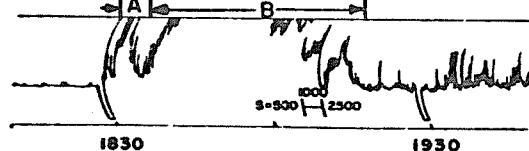
6-NOISE STORM IN PROGRESS



8 - MAJOR



9 - MAJOR +



In system (2) combinations of the following letters are used to describe some distinctive characteristics of the recorded disturbances:

- S = simple rise and fall of intensity,
- C = complex variation of intensity,
- A = appears to be part of general activity,
- D = distinct from (i.e. apparently superimposed upon) the general background,
- M = multiple peaks separated by relatively long periods of quietness,
- F = multiple peaks separated by relatively short periods of quietness,
- E = sudden commencement or rise of activity.

Starting and maximum times are read to the nearest 1/10 minute if they are very definite and otherwise to the nearest minute. If the duration is less than five minutes, it is given to the nearest 1/10 minute; otherwise to the nearest minute (see also qualifying symbols below).

Maximum flux densities are given in units of  $10^{-22}$  watts meter $^{-2}(\text{c/s})^{-1}$ . The instantaneous maximum flux density is the highest peak in the disturbance measured above the sky level. The smoothed maximum flux density is the maximum value of a smooth curve drawn through the outstanding occurrence with a smoothing period of 20 to 50 percent of the total duration; it is measured above the estimated level in the absence of the disturbance. The intention is that (smoothed maximum)  $\times$  (duration) should give a measure of the energy radiated in the disturbance.

A dash indicates missing or insignificant data. Observations are interrupted during the period from 26 to 29 minutes after each hour for calibrations. Observing periods are given in the Daily Data tables. The following qualifying symbols are used:

- B - Event in progress before observations began.
- D - Greater than.
- I - Event apparently continued during an interruption of the observations. The period of the interruption may be given in the remarks.
- N - See footnotes.
- X - Measurement is uncertain or doubtful.
- S - Measurement may be influenced by interference or atmospherics.

## V GEOMAGNETIC ACTIVITY INDICES.

C, K<sub>p</sub>, Ap, and Selected Quiet and Disturbed Days -- The data in the table are: (1) preliminary international character figures, C; (2) geomagnetic planetary three-hour range indices, K<sub>p</sub>; (3) daily "equivalent amplitude," Ap; (4) magnetically selected quiet and disturbed days.

This table is made available by the Committee on Characterization of Magnetic Disturbance of IAGA, IUGG. The Meteorological Office, De Bilt, Holland collects the data from magnetic observatories distributed throughout the world, and compiles C and selected days. The Chairman of the Committee computes the planetary and equivalent amplitude indices. The same data are also published quarterly in the Journal of Geophysical Research along with data on sudden commencements (sc) and solar flare effects (sfe).

The C-figure is the arithmetic mean of the subjective classification by all observatories of each day's magnetic activity on a scale of 0 (quiet) to 2 (storm).

K<sub>p</sub> is the mean standardized K-index from 12 observatories between geomagnetic latitudes 47 and 63 degrees. The scale is 0 (very quiet) to 9 (extremely disturbed), expressed in thirds of a unit, e.g. 5- is 4 2/3, 5o is 5 0/3, and 5+ is 5 1/3. This planetary index is designed to measure solar particle-radiation by its magnetic effects, specifically to meet the needs of research workers in the ionospheric field. A complete description of K<sub>p</sub> has appeared in Bulletin 12b, "Geomagnetic Indices C and K, 1948" of the Association of Terrestrial Magnetism and Electricity (IATME), International Union of Geodesy and Geophysics.

Ap is a daily index of magnetic activity on a linear scale rather than on the quasi-logarithmic scale of the K-indices. It is the average of the eight values of an intermediate 3-hourly index "ap," defined as one-half the average gamma range of the most disturbed of the three force components, in the three-hour interval at standard stations; in practice, ap is computed from the K<sub>p</sub> for the 3-hour interval. The extreme range of the scale of Ap is 0 to 400. The method is described in IATME Bulletin No. 12h (for 1953) p. viii f. Values of Ap (like K<sub>p</sub> and Cp) have been published for the Polar Year 1932/33 and for the years 1937 onwards.

The magnetically quiet and disturbed days are selected in accordance with the general outline in Terr. Mag. (predecessor to J. Geophys. Res.) 48, pp 219-227, December 1943. The method in current use calls for ranking the days of a month by their geomagnetic activity as determined from the following three criteria with equal weight: (1) the sum of the eight K<sub>p</sub>'s; (2) the sum of the squares of the eight K<sub>p</sub>'s; and (3) the greatest K<sub>p</sub>.

Chart of K<sub>p</sub> by Solar Rotations -- The graph of K<sub>p</sub> by solar rotations is furnished through the courtesy of Dr. J. Bartels, Geo-physikalisches Institute, Göttingen.

## VI RADIO PROPAGATION QUALITY INDICES

One can take as the definition of a radio propagation quality index: the measure of the efficiency of a medium-powered radio circuit operated under ideal conditions in all respects, except for the variable effect of the ionosphere on the propagation of the transmitted signal. The indices given here are derived from monitoring and circuit performance reports, and are the nearest practical approximation to the ideal index of propagation quality.

Quality indices are usually expressed on a scale that ranges from one to nine. Indices of four or less are generally taken to represent significant disturbance. (Note that for geomagnetic K-indices, disturbance is represented by higher numbers.) The adjectival equivalents of the integral quality indices are as follows:

1 = useless	4 = poor-to-fair	7 = good
2 = very poor	5 = fair	8 = very good
3 = poor	6 = fair-to-good	9 = excellent

CRPL forecasts are expressed on the same scale. The tables summarizing the outcome of forecasts include categories P-Perfect; S-Satisfactory; U-Unsatisfactory; F-Failure. The following conventions apply:

P - forecast quality equal to observed	U - forecast quality two or more grades different from observed when <u>both</u> forecast and observed were > 5, or both < 5
--	--

S - forecast quality one grade different from observed	F - other times when forecast quality two or more grades different from observed
--	--

Full discussion of the reliability of forecasts requires consideration of many factors besides the over-simplified summary given.

The quality figures represent a consensus of experience with radio propagation conditions. Since they are based entirely on monitoring or traffic reports, the reasons for low quality are not necessarily known and may not be limited to ionospheric storminess. For instance, low quality may result from improper frequency usage for the path and time of day. Although, wherever it is reported, frequency usage is included in the rating of reports, it must often

be an assumption that the reports refer to optimum working frequencies. It is more difficult to eliminate from the indices conditions of low quality for reasons such as multipath or interference. These considerations should be taken into account in interpreting research correlations between the Q-figures and solar, auroral, geomagnetic or similar indices.

North Atlantic Radio Path -- The CRPL quality figures, Qa, are compiled by the North Atlantic Radio Warning Service (NARWS), the CRPL forecasting center at Ft. Belvoir, Virginia, from radio traffic data for North Atlantic transmission paths closely approximating New York-to-London. These are reported to CRPL by the Canadian Defense Research Board, Canadian Broadcasting Corporation, and the following agencies of the U. S. Government:--Coast Guard, Navy, Army Signal Corps, U. S. Information Agency. Supplementing these data are CRPL monitoring, direction-finding observations and field-strength measurements of North Atlantic transmissions made at Belvoir.

The original reports are submitted on various scales and for various time intervals. The observations for each 6-hour interval are averaged on the original scale. These 6-hour indices are then adjusted to the 1 to 9 quality-figure scale by a conversion table prepared by comparing the distribution of these indices for at least four months, usually a year, with a master distribution determined from analysis of the reports originally made on the 1 to 9 quality-figure scale. A report whose distribution is the same as the master is thereby converted linearly to the Q-figure scale. The 6-hourly quality figure is the mean of the reports available for that period.

The 6-hourly quality figures are given in this table to the nearest one-third of a unit, e.g. 5o is 5 and 0/3; 5- is 4 and 2/3; 5+ is 5 and 1/3. Other data included are:

(a) Whole-day radio quality indices, which are weighted averages of the four 6-hourly indices, with half weight given to quality grades 5 and 6. This procedure tends to give whole-day indices suitable for comparison with whole-day advance forecasts which seek to designate the days of significant disturbance or unusually quiet conditions.

(b) Short-term forecasts, issued every six hours by the North Atlantic Radio Warning Service. These are issued one hour before 00<sup>h</sup>, 06<sup>h</sup>, 12<sup>h</sup>, 18<sup>h</sup>, UT and are applicable to the period 1 to 7 hours ahead.

(c) Advance forecasts, issued twice weekly by the NARWS (CRPL-J reports) and applicable 1 to 3 or 4 days ahead, 4 or 5 to 7 days ahead, and 8 to 25 days ahead. These forecasts are scored against the whole-day quality indices.

(d) Half-day averages of the geomagnetic K indices measured by the Fredericksburg Magnetic Observatory of the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey.

A chart compares the short-term forecasts with Qa-figures. A second chart compares the outcome of advance forecasts (1 to 3 or 4 days ahead) with a type of "blind" forecast. For the latter, the frequency for each quality grade, as determined from the distribution of quality grades in the four most recent months of the current season, is partitioned among the grades observed in the current month in proportion to the frequencies observed in the current month.

Ranges of useful frequencies on the North Atlantic radio path are shown in a series of diagrams, one for each day. The shaded area indicates the range of frequencies for which transmissions of quality 5 or greater were observed. The blacker the diagram, the quieter the day has been; a narrow strip indicates either high LUF, low MUF, or both. These diagrams are based on data reported to CRPL by the German Post Office through the Fernmeldetechnischen Zentralamtes, Darmstadt, Germany, being observations every one and a half hours of selected transmitters located in the eastern portion of North America. The magnetic activity index, A<sub>Fr</sub>, from Fredericksburg, Va., is also given for each day.

Note: Beginning with data for September 1955, Qa has been determined from reports that are available within a few hours or at most within a few days, including for the first time, the CRPL observations. Therefore these are the indices by which the forecasters assess every day the conditions in the recent past. Over a period of several years, they have closely paralleled the former Qa indices which excluded CRPL observations and included three additional reports received after a considerable lag. Qa was first published to the nearest one-third of a unit at the same time.

North Pacific Radio Path -- The CRPL quality figures, Qp, are compiled by the North Pacific Radio Warning Service (NPRWS), the CRPL forecasting center at Anchorage, Alaska, from radio traffic data for moderately long transmission paths in the North Pacific equivalent to Seattle-to-Anchorage or Anchorage-to-Tokyo. These include reports to CRPL by the Alaska Communications System, Aeronautical Radio, Inc., U. S. Air Force and Civil Aeronautical Administration. In addition, there are CRPL monitoring, direction finder observations and field strength measurements of suitable transmissions.

The original reports are on various scales and for various time intervals. The observations for each 8 hours or 24 hour period are averaged on the original scale. This average is compared with reports for the same period in the preceding two months and expressed

as a deviation from the 3-month mean. The deviations are put on the 1 to 9 scale of quality which is assumed to have a standard deviation of 1.25 and a mean for the various periods as follows:

03-10 hours UT	5.33
11-18	5.33
19-02	6.00
00-24	5.67

The 8-hour and 24-hour indices Qp are determined separately. Each index is a weighted mean where the CRPL observations have unit weight and the others are weighted by the correlation coefficient with the CRPL observations.

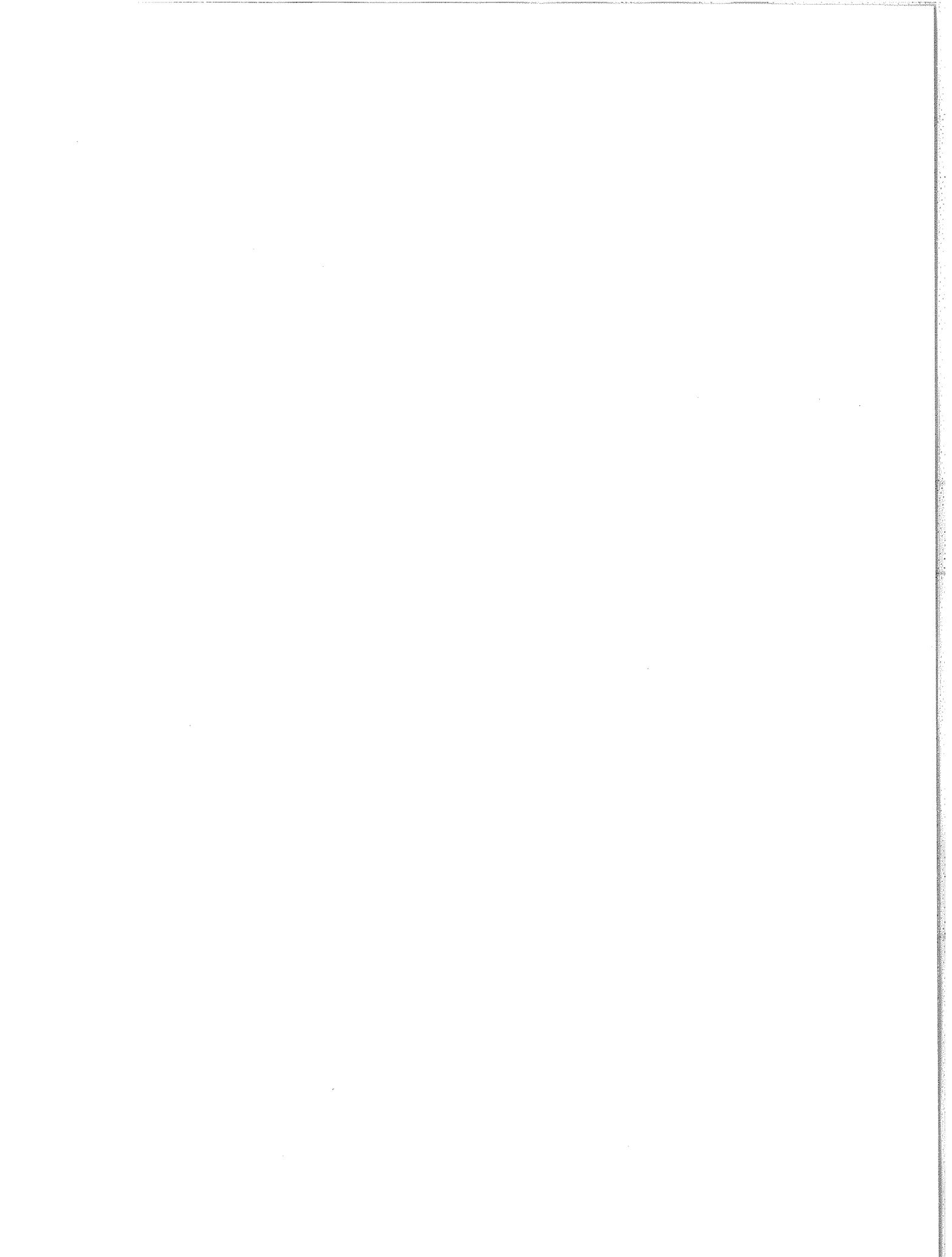
The table, analagous to that for Qa, includes the 8-hourly quality figures; whole day quality figures; short-term forecasts issued by NPRWS three times daily at 02<sup>h</sup>, 10<sup>h</sup>, and 18<sup>h</sup> UT, applicable to the stated 8-hour periods; advance forecasts issued twice weekly by NPRWS (CRPL-Jp report); and half-day averages of geomagnetic K indices from Sitka.

The chart compares the outcome of advance forecasts, on the same basis as the similar chart for the North Atlantic Radio Path.

Note: Beginning with November 1956 the short-term forecast formerly made at 0900 UT was changed to 1000 UT. The North Pacific quality figures used for evaluation are now 8-hourly rather than 9-hourly.

## VII ALERT PERIODS AND SPECIAL WORLD INTERVALS

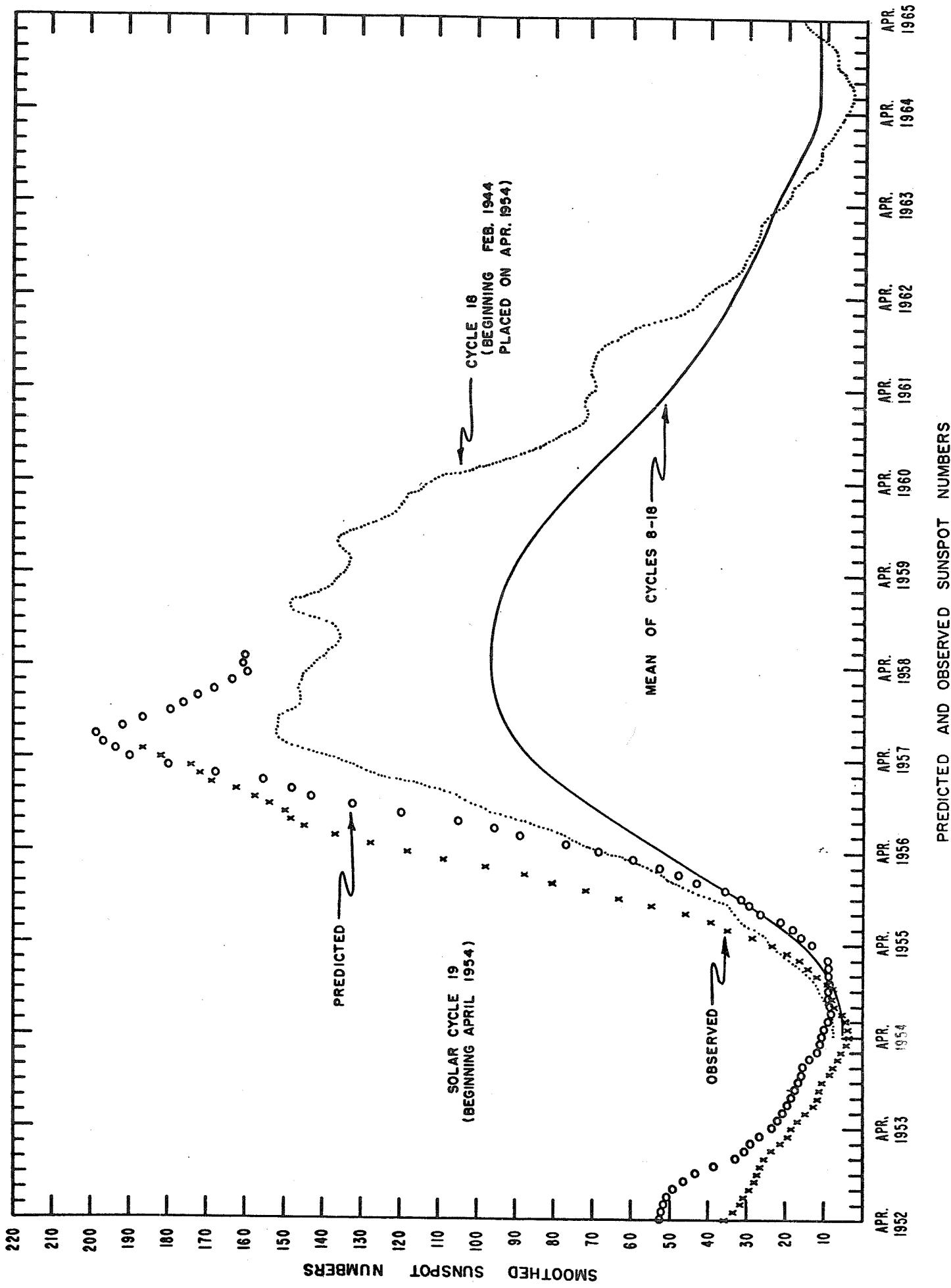
A table gives the Alert Periods and Special World Intervals (SWI) as designated by the IGY World Warning Agency at Ft. Belvoir, Va. For each day of the Alert or SWI are given the number of flares of importance two or greater reported promptly to the IGY World Warning Agency and the magnetic activity index A<sub>Be</sub> observed at the IGY World Warning Agency.



## DAILY SOLAR INDICES

Oct. 1957	American Relative Sunspot Numbers RA'
1	219
2	245
3	225
4	223
5	221
6	196
7	226
8	257
9	216
10	201
11	219
12	245
13	245
14	190
15	207
16	212
17	186
18	161
19	191
20	194
21	203
22	228
23	223
24	263
25	259
26	265
27	277
28	276
29	283
30	317
31	234
<b>Mean:</b> 229.2	

Nov. 1957	Zürich Provisional Relative Sunspot Numbers R <sub>Z</sub>	Oct	Daily Values Solar Flux at 2800 Mc, Ottawa, Canada Flux
1	265	244	300 2.6 F
2	256	240	289 2.5 2
3	230	249	266 2.6 5
4	210	233	236 2.3 7
5	200	230	240 2.4 5
6	180	239	239 2.5 0
7	175	224	243 2.5 3
8	155	250	235 2.6 1
9	190	274	230 2.7 5
10	230	270	232 2.7 5
11	224	220	246 2.7 8
12	220	260	257 2.8 4
13	185	246	250 2.8 1
14	180	258	248 2.8 9
15	177	250	242 2.7 7
16	180	289	242 2.8 9
17	191	26F	228 2.7 2
18	225	22A	247 2.9 4
19	183	223	251 2.9 1
20	208	225	261 2.0 3
21	235	250	274 2.8 2
22	275	255	294 2.7 4
23	250	260	280 2.9 5
24	236	285	285 2.8 0
25	200	247	271 2.5 9
26	198	310	259 2.6 6
27	171	286	258 2.9 6
28	235	340	255 3.2 3
29	192	250	247 3.4 2
30	162	330	278 3.4 4
		306	318
<b>Mean:</b> 207.3		262.9	256.1 281.2



## CALCIUM PLAGE AND SUNSPOT REGIONS

NOVEMBER 1957

CMP Nov. 1957	Lat	McMath Plage Number	Return of Region	Calcium Plage Data			Sunspot Data		
				CMP Values Area	Int.	History, Age	CMP Values Area Count		History
02.0	N08	4217	New	900	2.5	b-l	1		
02.5	S14	4222	New	900	2	b-l	1		
03.8	N11	4211	4172	1800	2	l~l	2		
04.0	S16	4210	4176	600	2	l~d	5	80	1
05.2	N41	4212	4171	3800	3	l~l	2	20	1
05.9	S40	4219	4173	1000	1.5	l-d	2		
06.1	S17	4218	4177	3200	3.5	l-l	3	600	4
07.0	N16	4231	4179?	500	1.5	b-l	2?		
07.6	N33	4220	4179?	1500	2.5	l-l	2?	130	4
07.9	N23	4229	4179?	600	2	b-l	2?	50	1
09.0	S28	4224	4187	1300	1.5	l-l	7		
09.2	N23	4221	4182?	2400	2.5	l~l	2?	50	1
09.7	N14	4228	4180	2600	2	l-l	7	50	1
10.8	S33	4225	New	2100	2	l-l	1	100	1
11.1	S18	4240	4185	2000	2	l-l	2		
11.4	S11	4227	4185	800	2	l~d	2		
11.9	S24	4226	4185	1000	1	l-d	2	50	1
12.2	N18	4230	New	7800	4	l~l	1	820	11
13.1	S22	4236	4189	6000	3	l~l	3	740	12
13.6	N19	4235	4188	1800	3.5	l~d	7	220	4
14.2	N06	4233	New	2100	2.5	l-l	1	340	13
14.9	S21	4237	4189	6500	3	l-l	3	70	2
14.9	N26	4234	4188	1500	2.5	l~l	7		
16.2	S15	4238	4191	700	2	l~l	4		
17.9	N16	4242	New	2800	2.5	l~l	1	390	8
18.2	S10	4243	New	6300	3	l-l	1	160	4
18.6	S25	4245	4193	(900)	(2)	l~l	2	(370)	(8)
19.5	N12	4252	4196	1000	1.5	l-l	6	100	2
20.3	N25	4246	4196	4300	3.5	l~l	6	300	7
20.3	S16	4259	New	300	1	b-l	1		
21.2	N13	4247	4197	3500	5	l-l	6	760	8
22.4	S26	4248	4201	5000	2	l~l	3		
23.1	S09	4256	4203	1400	3.5	l~l	2		
23.6	N20	4254	*	6000	3	l~l	4	(270)	(1)
23.8	S14	4255	4203	4000	3.5	l-l	2	(620)	(7)
25.4	S15	4257	4214	5700	3	l-l	2	510	6
26.2	N37	4266	4215?	400	1	l-d	2		
26.2	S23	4264	4207	1000	1.5	l~d	#		
26.5	N22	4261	4205	900	1.5	l-d	3		
26.8	N11	4262	4206	(400)	(1.5)	l~d	2		
27.1	S16	4263	4207	8800	4	l-l	#	610	12
28.2	S15	4267	4207	800	1	l~l	#	40	3
28.3	N27	4268	4208	2800	2.5	l-l	2	70	4
28.5	S26	4265	4207	3200	3	l-l	#	150	1
29.7	S18	4269	4210	1200	3	l-l	6	630	7
30.4	S08	4279	New	700	3	b-l	1	50	3
30.5	N15	4271	4211	2500	3	l-l	5		

\*4202, 4213, and part of 4197.

\*\*Spot group grew in rapidly.

\*\*\*Spot group grew to maximum area of 2280 millionths.

McMath re-identifies region 4209 (CRPL-F159B) as a new region.

#Age 4,5.

NOVEMBER 1957

CMP Nov. 1957	North East Quadrant (observed 7 days earlier)			South East Quadrant (observed 7 days earlier)			South West Quadrant (observed 7 days later)			North West Quadrant (observed 7 days later)		
	G6	G1	R6	R1	G6	G1	R6	R1	G6	G1	R6	R1
1	x	126	x	x	x	190	x	x	175	300	156	48
2	x	153	46	57	240	240	108	160*	206	46	122*	96
3	x	169	x	x	x	x	x	111	144	57	326	46a
4	x	248	x	x	x	x	x	93	158	46a	112	68a
5	238	188	55	78	190	210	43	x	x	x	93	x
6	118	140	101	123	152*	212	45	58	x	x	x	x
7	x	376	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
8	242	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
9	x	118	202	47	68	143	208	53	78	x	x	x
10	159	231	82	147	159	216	80	108	x	x	x	x
11	178a	236a	83a	174a	x	111	126	60a	x	x	x	x
12	169	130	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
13	x	269	41	65	x	x	x	63	x	x	x	x
14	139	x	x	x	x	x	x	91	110	144	31	11
15	120	152	39	52	221	400	74	135	117	40	93	108
16	191	249	26a	39a	164	200	53a	121a	x	x	99	136
17	96	132	x	x	x	124	167	x	120	143	x	17
18	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	82	102	61	39
19	20	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
20	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	159*	201
21	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	127*
22	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	40
23	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	58
24	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
25	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
26	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
27	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
28	x	158	294	59	81	138	300	23	28	36	78	36
29	118	160	55	116	107	168	17	24	x	x	85	94
30											x	x

\* = yellow line observed.

a = index computed from low weight data.

x = no observations.

# SOLAR FLARES

OBSERVATOR	DATE Nov 1957	OBSERVED UNIVERSAL TIME		MAX. FLARE PHASE	APPROX. LAT.	APPROX. LONGITUDEN EAST WEST	DURA TION IN MINUTES	INT. POW. TANGE	MEASUREMENTS		OBS. COND.	MAX. AREA $B_{\mu} D_{\mu}$	MAX. WIDTH $B_{\mu} D_{\mu}$	MAX. INT. %	PROVISIONAL IMPORANTIC EFFECT
		START	END						-	0°					
MITAKA	01	0021 E	0026 D	N28 W06	4208	5 D	1	2	0021	089	• 98	1031	134		
MITAKA	01	0439 E	0448	S18 E57	4202	9 D	1	1	0439	089	1473	2010	107		
ZURICH	01	1104	1116	S25 W03	4218	12 D	1	3	1106	300	300				
ZURICH	01	1117	1143	S18 E53	4207	26	1	3	1120	300	300				
HUANCAYO	01	1700 E	1709	S18 E53	4218	9 D	1	2	2350	230	260				
HAWAII	01	2346	2358 D	S18 W22	4207	12 D	1	3	2350	230	260				
ZURICH	02	1533	1539 D	S20 W19	4207	6 D	1	2	1533	700	700				
SAC PEAK	02	2050 E	2115 D	2052	S18 W24	4207	25 D	1	3	3070	221	17			
MITAKA	02	2335	2344 D	2336	S24 W24	4207	9	16	2336	445	534	221	134		
MITAKA	03	0112	0118	S18 W27	4207	6	1	2	0112	184	221	162	100		
WENDEL	03	0928	0942	S15 W35	4207	14 D	1	3	0102	160	300				
SAC PEAK	03	1119	1121	N12 W82	4213	12 D	1	2	0106	400	400				
ZURICH	03	1747	1940 D	1836	S20 W34	4207	13 D	1	3	0106	380	510	1466	125	
HAWAII	04	00198	0116 E	0111 D	S20 W42	4207	18	1	3	0102	160	230			
MITAKA	04	0106 E	0111 D	S21 W34	4207	5 D	1	1	0106	300	500				
ARCETRI	04	0337 E	0953 D	S13 W20	4222	16 D	1	3	0106	300	600				
WENDEL	04	0937	1004	S10 W20	4222	27	16	1	1	1935	85	140	113	99	
USNRL	04	1059	1115	S22 W39	4207	16	16	1	1	1949	34	664			
USNRL	04	1735	1720	S27 W45	4207	15	15	1	1	1949	34	664			
UCCLE	05	1102 E	1109	S23 W58	4208	10	1	1	1	1949	34	664			
UCCLE	05	1120 E	1132 D	S24 W68	4208	7 D	1	1	1	1	1	1			
CAPRI S	05	1205 E	1223 D	S23 W54	4223	12 D	1	2	1215	120	240				
USNRL	05	1231	1237	S23 W58	4207	18 D	1	2	1237	13	241	87	87		
UCCLE	06	0835	0851	S26 W73	4207	16	2	3	0841	910	1500				
ATHENS	06	0839	0848	S28 W63	4207	9 D	1	3	0842	910	1500				
UR O HERST	06	0842 E	0850	S27 W67	4207	8 D	1	1	0842	910	1500				
UCCLE	06	0854	0900	S28 W73	4207	6	1	4	0857	230	410				
USNRL	06	1553	1608	S28 W70	4207	15	15	1	2	1554	113	430			
OTTAWA	06	1555	1608	S15 W57	4207	13	16	1	1	1557	186	666			
USNRL	06	1728	1837	S40 W10	4219	69	1	2	1736	170	234	67	67		
CLIMAX	06	1728	1927 D	S41 W09	4219	119 D	1	2	1750	400	400				
SAC PEAK	06	1837 U	1755	S42 W10	4219	57 D	1	2	1750	250	250				
USNRL	06	1800 E	1902	S27 W10	4207	56 D	1	2	1806	45	229				
HAWAII	06	2158	2204	S20 W32	4207	6	16	1	2	2200	330	760			
HAWAII	06	2228	2246	S13 W16	4214	18	1	2	2228	260	280				
MITAKA	07	0229 E	0238 D	N19 E59	4230	9 D	1	1	0229	184	315	237	99		
UCCLE	07	0253 E	0313 D	0255	N16 W14	4230	8 D	1	1	0254	273	300	237	149	
UCCLE	07	0848 E	0856	N10 E75	4235	8 D	1	1	0254	273	300	237	149		
UCCLE	07	1016 E	1055	N10 W01	4220	39 D	1	2	1016	220	220				
UCCLE	07	1022 E	1046	1030	S15 E35	4225	23	1	2	1030	150	210			
UCCLE	07	1046 E	1115 D	1054	S13 E35	4225	29 D	2	2	1054	500	750	100	100	
UCCLE	07	1048 E	1118	S13 E34	4225	30 D	16	1	1	1	600	600			
WENDEL	08	1014	1042 D	1017	S23 E86	4237	28 D	16	1	1	600	600			
UCCLE	08	1042 E	1047 E	S25 E70	4237	28 D	16	1	1	1	600	600			
UCCLE	08	1047 E	1047 E	N17 E73	4235	28 D	16	1	1	1	600	600			

**CAPRI S**

KODAIKANL

KRASNAYA PASHTRA

ROYAL OBSERVATORY, EDINBURGH

GREENWICH ROYAL OBSERVATORY, HERTSMONCEUX

SAC PEAK

SAC PEAK

SCHAUTISLAND

UNITED STATES NAVAL RESEARCH LABORATORY

\* RATED AS IMPORTANCE 1- BY OTHER OBSERVATORIES.

SAC PEAK: ALL VALUES IN MAX. INT. COLUMN ARE ARBITRARY UNITS (0-40).

NOT PERCENT OF CONTINUOUS SPECTRUM.

USNRL

USNRL

USNRL

USNRL

USNRL

USNRL

USNRL

USNRL

E = LESS THAN

D = GREATER THAN

U = APPROXIMATE

G = PLUS

N = MINUS

# SOLAR FLARES

OBSERVATORY	DATE Nov. 1957	OBSERVED UNIVERSAL TIME		LOCATION		DURA- TION — MINUTES	DIS- TANCE	OBS. COM.	MEASUREMENTS			PROVINCIAL IONOSPHERIC EFFECT
		START	END	APPROX. LAT. MER. DIST.	MEAN IMAGE REGION				MEAS. AREA deg. deg.	MAX. WIDTH Re	%	
HUANCAYO	08	1628 E	1641	1631	N19 E36	4230	13 D	1	2			S-SWT
HUANCAYO	08	2003 E	2005 D	2003	S21 E72	4237	2 D	1				
WENDEL	09	0740	0757 D		S14 E67	4237	17 D	16				
OTTAWA	09	1510			S12 E65	4237	1					
ATHENS	10	0653 E	0728 D	0655	S23 E63	4237	30 D	2	4			S-SWT
WENDEL	10	1005	1022 D		S21 E35	4236	17 D	1				
WENDEL	10	1205 E	1217 D		S25 E57	4237	12 D	16				
USNRL	11	1410	1438	1420	S35 E45	4237	28	16	3	1420	2.60	S-SWT
OTTAWA	11	1426 E			S23 E45	4237	1	1	1	1428	1.86	
CAPRI S	12	0833 E	0931 D		S21 E12	4236	58 D	1	3	0815	2.50	
CAPRI S	12	1217	1320		S21 E18	4236	63	16	3	1220	3.00	
USNRL	12	1439	1449	1441	S19 W81	4218	10	1	2	1441	0.73	
{HUANCAYO}	12	1619 E	1634	1621	S07 E78	4243	15 D	1			3.71	
USNRL	12	1619	1638	1622	S10 E85	4243	19	1				72
USNRL	12	1925	1939	1927	S18 W85	4218	14	1	2	1642	0.62	
USNRL	12	1926	1941	1929	N08 E13	4233	15	1	2	1927	0.68	
HAWAII	12	2104	2114	2106	S13 W27	4240	10	1	2	1929	0.56	
HAWAII	12	2216	2236	2218	S22 W03	4236	20	1	2	2106	2.10	
MITAKA	13	0058	0108 D		S25 E26	4237	10 D	1	2	2218	2.60	
MITAKA	13	0112	0122		S25 E26	4237	10	1	2	0114	1.84	
{ARCETRI}	13	0800 E	0900 D		N19 W16	4230	60 D	2	2			125
ATHENS	13	0810	0903		N19 W20	4230	53	1	3			
{ATHENS}	13	0812	0917		N18 W13	4230	5	2				
CAPRI S	13	0815 E	0916 D		N20 W20	4230	61 D	16	3	0818	3.50	
USNRL	13	1515 E	1548		S18 W08	4236	33 D	1	1	1518	2.26	
{HUANCAYO}	13	1932 E	2057	2000	N19 W23	4230	65 D	16	2			
{SAC PEAK}	13	1935	2100 U	2015	N18 W24	4230	85 D	1	2		2.45	97
USNRL	13	1940 E	2007 D	2007	N19 W26	4230	27 D	16	1	2003	3.30	
HUANCAYO	13	1955 E	2004 D	1955	S23 E17	4237	9 D	1	2		2.48	
WENDEL	14	1158	1208 D		S20 W14	4236	10 D	1				
HYDERABAD	15	0529	0605	0540	N18 W45	4230	36	16	2	0540	3.65	
ATHENS	15	0735	0746		N08 W19	4233	11	1	3		2.00	
WENDEL	15	0902	0944		N20 W39	4230	42	2			2.10	
CAPRI S	15	0908	0935 D		N19 W47	4230	42	16	1		8.00	
UCCLE	15	1035 E			N17 W50	4230	27 D	1	3	0927	7.00	
UCCLE	15	1057 E	1058 D		N08 W21	4233	N19 W67		1		4.80	
WENDEL	16	0810 E	0816		N12 W33	4233	16 D	16			6.00	
HYDERABAD	17	0539 E	0552	0542	N28 E36	4246	13 D	16	2	0542	3.04	
ATHENS	17	0755	0819		S17 W55	4236	24	1	3	1.80	4.15	
CAPRI S	17	0759 E	0840		S17 W60	4236	41 D	1	3	0822	1.30	
WENDEL	17	0808 E	0840		S20 W54	4236	32 D	26	1		2.90	
WENDEL	17	0829	0850		N27 E23	4246	21	16	1		9.00	
WENDEL	17	1031	1049		N14 E06	4242	18	1			5.00	
											3.00	PAGE 2

# SOLAR FLARES

IIIc

OBSERVATOR	DATE	OBSERVED UNIVERSAL TIME		LOCATION APPROX.		DURA- TION MIN. - MINUTES	IM- PACT PER- CENTAGE	TIME IN UT	MEAN AREA Sq. Deg.	COM- MUN. AREA Sq. Deg.	MAX. INT. Ra	PROFOUND EFFECT	
		NOV.	START	END	SAT.	NEAR. DIST.	MATH. PLACE REGION						
WENDEL	17	1134	4228	D	N27	E31	4246	54	D	1		4.00	
WENDEL	17	1239	4254		N14	E05	4242	15		1		4.00	
WENDEL	17	1339	1359		N04	W44	4233	20	16			5.00	
HAWAII	17	2048	2102	2054	N26	E26	4246	14	1	3	2054	3.30	
HAWAII	17	2226	2230	2228	N20	E25	4246	4	1	3	2228	2.30	
HAWAII	18	0126	0138	0132	N08	W54	4233	12	1	3	0132	1.80	
ATHENS	18	0725	0817	0854	N30	E21	4246	52	1	2	2.70	3.20	
UCCLE	18	0853	0857	0854	N26	E22	4246	4	1	3	0854	3.20	
UCCLE	18	1007	1030	1013	S25	E60	4248	23	16	3	1013	4.00	
UCCLE	18	1021	1106	1033	N07	W60	4248	45	1	3	6.00		
UCCLE	18	1114	1130	1116	N10	E40	4247	16	1	4	1116	3.20	
WENDEL	19	1320	1342	N18	E20	4247	22	1				4.00	
WENDEL	19	1347	1358	N30	E05	4246	11	1				3.00	
WENDEL	19	1352	1414	D	S15	E60	4255	22	2			9.00	
MITAKA	20	0314	E	0328	D	N25	W01	4246	14	D	1	0314	0.89
MITAKA	20	0533	E	0548	D	N17	E09	4247	15	D	1	0533	0.89
WENDEL	20	0845	D	0906	D	S07	E29	4256	21		1	0.93	0.93
OTTAWA	20	1452	1507	1455	N14	W36	4242	15	14	1	1455	4.00	
OTTAWA	20	1457	1520	1504	N27	W10	4247	23	1	1	1504	2.36	
USNRL	20	1742	1858	1746	S15	E75	4257	76	2	2	1746	1.89	
MITAKA	21	0406	E	0410	D	N17	W04	4247	4	D	1	0407	0.89
MITAKA	21	0454	D	0517	D	N11	W44	4242	23	D	1	0505	0.52
SAC PEAK	21	1435	E	1531	U	N12	W02	4247	56	D	1	3.30	7.50
OTTAWA	21	1436	E	1507	N16	W09	4247	2	1	1	1502	1.047	
USNRL	21	1437	N17	1548	N17	W09	4247	71	2	2	1507	7.10	
MITAKA	22	0409	E	0446	D	N10	W29	4246	37	D	26	1	0.93
MITAKA	22	0536	D	0542	D	N27	W33	4246	6	D	1	0.93	1.00
MITAKA	22	0555	D	0602	N20	W17	4247	7	1	1	0.93	1.00	
WENDEL	22	0822	E	0855	N19	W19	4247	33	1	1	0.93	1.00	
WENDEL	22	1314	E	1334	D	N20	W22	4247	20	D	16	5.00	
WENDEL	22	1329	D	1402	S13	E60	4263	33	16	1	6.00		
WENDEL	22	1340	D	1359	N12	E18	4254	50	D	2	9.00		
CLIMAX	22	1654	1700	1656	N21	W26	4247	6	1	3	1656	2.10	
MITAKA	22	2312	E	2338	N28	W43	4246	26	D	1	2312	2.31	
MITAKA	22	2329	E	2337	S10	E48	4263	8	D	1	2332	7.57	
MITAKA	23	0044	D	0106	N20	W27	4247	22	1	2	0.93	2.36	
MITAKA	23	0330	D	0340	S13	E09	4255	10	D	1	0.93	1.56	
MITAKA	23	0403	D	0408	S10	E45	4263	5	D	1	0.93	2.22	
CAPRI S	23	0801	E	0842	N24	W51	4246	41	D	2	0.93	2.22	
WENDEL	23	0825	D	0904	N28	W52	4246	39	D	1	0.93	2.22	
WENDEL	23	0826	D	0845	N21	W32	4247	19	D	1	0.93	2.22	
R O EDIN	23	1111	E	1125	S13	E26	4257	14	D	1	0.93	2.22	
UCCLE	23	1112	E	1114	S15	E27	4257	16		2	1114	2.00	
WENDEL	23	1302	D	1331	N16	W33	4247	29	D	1	4.40	5.20	
WENDEL	23	1319	D	1338	S14	E46	4263	270	D	1	4.00	4.00	
SAC PEAK	23	1515	1945	1550	S09	E37	4263	17	1	1	4.30	4.00	
HUANGAYO	23	1623	1640									1.5	

Slow S-SWT

S-SWT

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# SOLAR FLARES

OBSERVATORY	DATE Nov. 1957	OBSERVED UNIVERSAL TIME			LOCATION APPROX.	DURA- TION MINUTES	HA- POR- TANCE	OBS. CONT.	MEASUREMENTS			PREVIOUS IONOSPHERIC EFFECT
		START	END	MOC. PHASE					LAT. MEZ. DIST.	MEAN PLACE ECLIPSE	COR. AREA Sq. Deg.	
MITAKA	24	0159	0205	D	N20 W42	4247	6 D	2	0159	1.04	2.58	1.69
MITAKA	24	0237	0240	E	N16 W40	4247	3 D	2	0239	1.39	1.66	60
MITAKA	24	0242	0249	E	S16 E56	4257	7 D	1	0265	4.70	16.00	1.75
MITAKA	24	0457	E	0503	N19 W45	4247	6 D	1	0457	1.34	1.88	87
MITAKA	24	0516	0531	E	N20 W44	4247	15	1	0521	1.34	1.84	122
WENDEL	24	0848	1140	D	S15 E37	4263	172	36			25.00	1.72
R.O. HERST	24	0947	E	1109 D	S11 E46	4263	82 D	16			25.00	115
UCCLE	24	1054	E	1045 E	S13 E35	4263	51 D	2	0954	7.40	7.00	
UCCLE	24	1006	E	1021 1007	S08 E48	4267	15 D	2	4	1007	5.60	9.80
UCCLE	24	1006	E	1021 1008	S07 E46	4267	15 D	16	4	1008	3.40	7.80
UCCLE	24	1006	E	1021 D	S10 E32	4263	15 D	1	2	1008	2.20	5.10
UCCLE	24	1006	E	1038 1008	S17 E44	4267	32 D	16	4	1012	3.60	2.60
UCCLE	24	1006	E	1038 E	S12 E40	4267	61 D	16	4	1006	4.50	4.90
UCCLE	24	1038	E	1043	N30 W50	4246	92 D	26	4	1006	4.50	5.40
UCCLE	24	1054	E	1051	S12 E52	4267	5	16	3	1039	3.40	5.40
UCCLE	24	1054	E	1059	S15 E29	4263	13 D	16	4	1042	3.40	5.20
UCCLE	24	1059	E	1108 1107	S14 E29	4263	5	1	4	1042	2.20	2.40
UCCLE	24	1106	E	1138 1006	S16 E38	4263	91	1	4	1103	2.20	2.50
UCCLE	24	1106	E	1104	S17 E35	4263	60 D	2	4	1109	6.80	9.10
UCCLE	24	1103	E	1104	S17 E12	4257	11	16	4	1104	4.50	5.40
UCCLE	24	1108	E	1136	S14 E30	4263	28	1	4	1109	2.20	2.40
UCCLE	24	1108	E	1109	S12 E32	4263	53	2	4	1109	6.80	8.00
UCCLE	24	1134	E	1147	S14 E28	4263	13	1	4	1136	2.20	2.50
UCCLE	24	1135	E	1138	S16 E28	4263	3	1	4	1136	2.20	2.50
UCCLE	24	1138	E	1143	S28 E28	4264	5	1	4	1140	2.20	2.50
UCCLE	24	1148	E	1202 D	N20 W50	4247	14 D	16	4	1152	4.00	6.00
WENDEL	24	1151	D	1213 D	S20 W49	4259	22 D	1	4	1152	3.00	
UCCLE	24	1200	D	1202 D	S15 W12	4255	2 D	1	4	1201	2.20	
ZURICH	24	1252	E	1301	N24 W69	4246	9 D	1	2	1252	2.00	
ZURICH	24	1252	E	1325	N21 W50	4246	33 D	1	2	1255	3.00	
ZURICH	24	1303	E	1320	S13 E25	4263	17	1	2	1303	1.00	
ZURICH	24	1319	E	1327	S30 E50	4265	8	1	2	1319	3.00	
CLIMAX	24	1611	E	1622	S15 E23	4263	11	1	1	1613	4.30	
HUANCAYO	24	1612	E	1621	S12 E23	4263	9	1	1			
SAC PEAK	24	1612	E	1625	S14 E23	4263	13	1	2			
CLIMAX	24	1909	E	2032	S11 E15	4257	83	1	2	1927	2.70	17
{ SAC PEAK	24	1930	E	2015 U	S14 E06	4257	45	16	2	1939	5.60	10
CLIMAX	24	1930	E	2032	S12 E10	4257	62	2	1939	6.40		
MITAKA	25	0108	E	0116	N19 W56	4247	8 D	16	2	0108	7.63	10.47
MITAKA	25	0142	E	0146	N24 W79	4246	4 D	1	2	0142	8.89	2.85
MITAKA	25	0219	E	0236	N19 W57	4247	17	1	2	0226	1.84	3.28
MITAKA	25	0226	E	0230	N24 W79	4246	4	1	2	0228	0.89	1.69
MITAKA	25	0457	E	0509 D	N23 W13	4254	12 D	16	1	0306	2.78	2.03
ATHENS	25	0717	E	0743	N29 W71	4246	26	26	1	0509	4.69	12.43
WENDEL	25	1021	E	1041 D	N23 W55	4247	20 D	1	5.30	5.30	9.70	
HUANCAYO	25	1550	E	1602	S15 E00	4257	12 D	1	2		3.00	
CLIMAX	25	1555	E	1631	N16 W66	4247	36 D	1	2	1948	3.40	102
HAWAII	25	1937	E	1959	S32 E39	4265	22	1	1	1944	2.90	3.19
{ SAC PEAK	25	1942	E	1954	S38 E32	4265	12 D	1	1		3.30	
HUANCAYO	25	1942	E	2010 U	S32 E39	4267	28 D	1	2	1944	4.60	17
	25	1943	E	2007	S29 E39	4265	24	1	2		3.30	

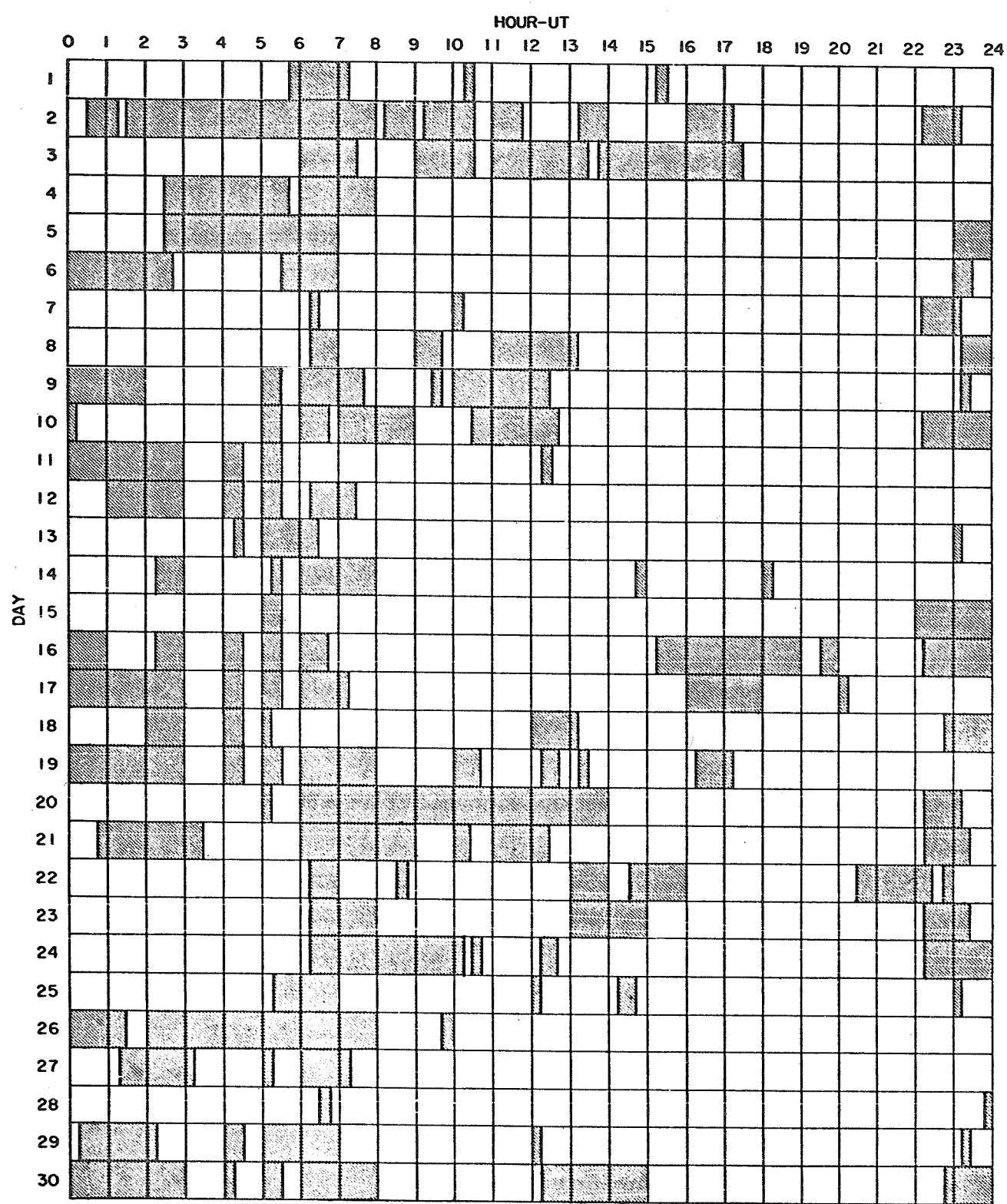
# SOLAR FLARES

IIIc

OBSERVATORY	DATE Nov. 1957	OBSERVED UNIVERSAL TIME		APPROX. LAT.	LOCATION	DURAT. — MINUTES	DIA. POS. TIME	MEAS. AREA Sq. Deg.	MAX. AREA Sq. Deg.	MAX. WIDTH Re	MAX. INT. %	PROVISIONAL IONOSPHERIC EFFECT	
		START	END										
WENDEL	26	0911	0926	0921	533 E33	4265	15	1		3.00		Slow S-SWF	
WENDEL	26	1030	1101		S16 W11	4257	51	1		4.00			
WENDEL	26	1130	1204		S15 E05	4263	34	16		5.00			
CAPRI S	26	1132	E 1144	D	S16 E03	4269	12	D	3	1134	2.50		
WENDEL	26	1237			S18 E02	4263	18	D	1	2	2.50		
ZURICH	26	1347	E	1418	N23 W26	4224	31	D	1	2	4.00		
OTTAWA	26	1447	E	1519	S14 W13	4257	32	1	2	1350	1.00		
HUANCAYO	26	1530	E	1540	S14 E04	4263	10	D	1	2	1453	1.07	
OTTAWA	26	1530	E	1551	S35 E29	4265	21	D	1	2	1703	2.27	
HAWAII	26	1702			S18 W37	4257	18	1	2	1.68			
HAWAII	26	2252			S17 W08	4257	10	16	2	2256	5.00		
MITAKA	27	0435	E	0443	D	S17 W03	4263	8	D	1	1	0.89	
USNRL	27	1249		1250	S17 W29	4257	20	1	2	1250	2.00		
WENDEL	27	1258			S13 W13	4263	27	D	16	2.76			
USNRL	27	1259			S14 W15	4263	25	1	2	1307	5.00		
CLIMAX	27	1704			S15 W18	4263	17	1	2	1712	0.68		
{ SAC PEAK	27	1902			S26 E09	4265	53	2		1925	5.40	Slow S-SWF	
CLIMAX	27	1902			S28 E09	4265	55	1	2	2014	2.50		
CLIMAX	27	2006			S06 E71	4278	23	1		2040	2.40		
HAWAII	27	2031			S13 W18	4263	20	1		2037	2.40		
HAWAII	27	2036			S11 W32	4257	18	1	2	2036	2.60		
MITAKA	27	2253	E	2404	D	S14 W12	4263	11	D	16	2353	5.67	
{ HAWAII	28	0116	E	0126	D	S11 E16	4288	10	1	2	0118	1.60	
MITAKA	28	0118	E	0126	D	S06 E65	4278	8	D	16	0118	3.80	
MITAKA	28	0510		0517	S14 W22	4263	7	1	2	0512	1.84		
CAPRI S	28	0536		0547	S17 E62	4272	11	16	2	0539	2.78		
{ SAC PEAK	28	1413	E	1445	S12 W27	4263	27	D	1	1428	6.95		
HUANCAYO	28	1440	E	1520	U	S12 W27	4263	40	D	1	2.30	2.20	
HUANCAYO	28	2046	E	2053	S21 E67	4272	7	D	1	2	4.40		
HUANCAYO	29	1544		1555	S14 E50	4272	11	1	2	2353	6.00	2.22	
HUANCAYO	29	1636	E	1744	S18 W03	4269	68	D	16	2353	5.67	1.37	
HUANCAYO	29	1716	E	1802	S13 E45	4272	46	D	1	2			
UCCLE	30	0843	E	0846	S19 W09	4269	3	D	16	4	0.843	Slow S-SWF	
UCCLE	30	0843	E	0849	S27 W25	4263	6	D	1	4	0.843		
UCCLE	30	0843	E	0903	S14 W50	4263	20	D	1	4	0.843		
UCCLE	30	0843	E	0910	S15 E05	4271	27	D	16	4	0.850		
UCCLE	30	0843	E	0913	N05 E90	4287	30	16	4	4	0.844		
UCCLE	30	0843	E	0920	S16 E48	4288	37	D	1	4	0.903		
UCCLE	30	0902		0917	S30 E88	4285	15	2	3	0910	6.80		
UCCLE	30	0944		0949	S30 E86	4282	9	U	16	3	12.00		
UCCLE	30	1050		1057	S15 E04	4271	77	D	16	4	1057		
UCCLE	30	1053		1107	S13 W48	4263	14	1	4	1058	3.40		
UCCLE	30	1113		1132	S20 E45	4288	19	2	4	1118	5.60		
UCCLE	30	1114		1147	S23 W07	4269	33	1	4	1117	2.00		
UCCLE	30	1121		1207	S16 W09	4269	46	D	1	4	1126		
UCCLE	30	1124		1207	S20 W10	4269	13	D	16	4	1157		
UCCLE	30	1157		1207	S26 W25	4280	10	D	1	4	1157		
WENDEL	30	1258		1408	S17 E45	4288	70	2	4	1203	3.40		
HUANCAYO	30	1528	E	1620	S03 E79	4286	52	D	1	2	3.40	9.00	
CLIMAX	30	1852		1923	S06 E33	4270	31	1	2	1859	3.50		
{ SAC PEAK	30	1852		1920	S06 E33	4278	36	1	2	2010	2.10		
SAC PEAK	30	2112		2130	S19 W14	4269	18	1	2	2.50			
CLIMAX	30	2227		2242	S21 E20	4272	2231	15	1	2.70	1.17		

## INTERVALS OF NO FLARE PATROL OBSERVATIONS

NOVEMBER 1957



## Reporting Observatories

Anacapri S  
Arcetri  
Athens  
Climax  
Dunsink  
Greenwich R. O., Herstmonceux  
Hawaii  
Huancayo

Mitaka  
Nizamiah (Hyderabad)  
Ottawa  
Uccle  
U.S. Naval Research Lab.  
R. O. Edinburgh  
Sacramento Peak  
Zurich

## SUBFLARES NOTED AS FOLLOWS: DATE - UNIVERSAL TIME - COORDINATES

OCTOBER 1957

ATHENS	01	0734	N13 446		MC MATH	04	1426 E	S25 E05		USNRL	09	1823	N14 W26
UCCLE	01	0846	S27 W40		USNRL	04	1437	S15 E22		* HAWAII	09	1842	S25 E75
UCCLE	01	0909	N26 W48		UCCLE	04	1506	N18 E88		USNRL	09	1845	N12 W28
* CAPRI S	01	0938 E	N29 E17		USNRL	04	1535	S18 E16		* HUANCAYO	09	1959	S17 E75
UCCLE	01	1004 E	S24 F39		* SAC PEAK	04	1627	N26 W28		SAC PEAK	09	2131	S18 E90
UCCLE	01	1008	S12 W01		* USNRL	04	1645	N26 W27		HAWAII	09	2206	N08 E80
UCCLE	01	1014	N23 W07		SAC PEAK	04	1646	N26 W28		CAPRI S	10	0736 E	S19 E63
UCCLE	01	1018	S12 W01		SAC PEAK	04	1650	S41 E44		ATHENS	10	0804 E	S24 W80
UCCLE	01	1021	N16 W45		SAC PEAK	04	1730 E	S41 E44		USNRL	10	1224	S16 W25
UCCLE	01	1046	N24 W49		SAC PEAK	04	1802	N17 E89		WENDEL	10	1302 E	S11 W27
UCCLE	01	1110	N23 W45		SAC PEAK	04	1917	S42 E45		USNRL	10	1336	N18 E06
UCCLE	01	1126	N28 E20		SAC PEAK	04	2012	S10 E21		CLIMAX	10	1542	N24 E19
UCCLE	01	1144	S27 F43							USNRL	10	1630	N24 E33
SAC PEAK	01	1420	N25 W55		* WENDEL	05	0805 E	S26 E02		USNRL	10	1659 E	S26 E90
R O HERST	01	1424 E	N23 W56		* WENDEL	05	0828 E	S18 E07		USNRL	10	1741	N23 E19
SAC PEAK	01	1520	N16 E41		* UCCLE	05	0843	S17 E10		USNRL	10	1748	N28 E20
SAC PEAK	01	1522	N16 W04		UCCLE	05	0856	S15 F05		CLIMAX	10	1938	S15 W29
SAC PEAK	01	1557	N17 W10		WENDEL	05	0921 E	N17 E64		SAC PEAK	10	2027 E	S16 W54
SAC PEAK	01	1650	N17 W11		* WENDEL	05	1135 E	N26 W33		CLIMAX	10	2040	S15 W65
CLIMAX	01	1654 E	N18 W11		* WENDEL	05	1213 E	S42 E33		SAC PEAK	10	2122	S17 E58
CLIMAX	01	1656	N22 E51		* WENDEL	05	1240 E	S26 W01		SAC PEAK	10	2105	N46 W58
SAC PEAK	01	1705	S15 E61		* OTTAWA	05	1244 E	S27 W06					
CLIMAX	01	1708	N19 E64		OTTAWA	05	1250 E	S39 E34					
SAC PEAK	01	1727	N30 E07		OTTAWA	05	1537	N25 W40					
CLIMAX	01	1748	S30 E42		OTTAWA	05	1603	S18 E42					
SAC PEAK	01	1750	S28 E42		CLIMAX	05	1603	S24 E42					
HAWAII	01	1844	S43 H05		CLIMAX	05	1740	N13 W70					
* SAC PEAK	01	1950	S29 E36		* HAWAII	05	1800 E	S16 E01		CAPRI S	11	0708 E	S20 E53
* HAWAII	01	2128	S33 S26		HAWAII	05	2100	S23 W19		ARCETRI	11	0840 E	S18 E50
SAC PEAK	01	2135	S32 F40		HAWAII	05	2336	S20 W06		WENDEL	11	1036 E	N18 E43
CLIMAX	01	2138 E	S28 E32						USNRL	11	1202	S29 W90	
SAC PEAK	01	2220	S24 F35		* HAWAII	06	0048	S23 W25		USNRL	11	1304	S26 E70
					* ATHENS	06	0750 E	N41 F01		USNRL	11	1434	S15 W36
ONDREJOV	02	0700 E	N32 E58		ATHENS	06	0844 E	S26 W24		SAC PEAK	11	1444	S18 E50
* R O HERST	02	0850 E	N28 E09		UCCLE	06	1018	S25 W27		SAC PEAK	11	1505	S12 E32
ZURICH	02	0852 F	N17 W21		UCCLE	06	1056	S25 W28		SAC PEAK	11	1627	S22 W90
* UCCLE	02	1015	S26 E32		CAPRI S	06	1059	S27 W21		* SAC PEAK	11	1630	S16 E52
* WENDEL	02	1020 E	S28 E30		HUANCAYO	06	1214 F	N19 E67		USNRL	11	1632 E	S23 W90
UCCLE	02	1052	N27 E02		HAWAII	06	2038	S19 W31		USNRL	11	1842	N13 W55
WENDEL	02	1056 E	N27 E09		SAC PEAK	06	2225	N15 E12		USNRL	11	1900	N09 E63
WENDEL	02	1104 E	N16 W18						CLIMAX	11	1921	N09 E64	
USNRL	02	1254	S27 E02		UCCLE	07	1151	N39 W60		UCCLE	12	0950	N11 E57
* USNRL	02	1256	N18 E22		WENDEL	07	1247	N14 E05		WENDEL	12	1156 E	N14 W61
* SAC PEAK	02	1433	S24 F25		WENDEL	07	1249 E	N13 E05		OTTAWA	12	1158 E	N15 W61
SAC PEAK	02	1453	S26 W50		* WENDEL	07	1315 E	N41 W55		USNRL	12	1222	N07 E44
SAC PEAK	02	1520	N14 W90		* SAC PEAK	07	1339 E	N07 E77		OTTAWA	12	1223	N08 E44
SAC PEAK	02	1522	N26 W01		* SAC PEAK	07	1450	N15 E04		WENDEL	12	1226	N13 W61
USNRL	02	1524	S26 A03		* WENDEL	07	1450	N07 F76		* USNRL	12	1227 E	N05 E43
* SAC PEAK	02	1745	S37 E66		SAC PEAK	07	1650	N20 W04		OTTAWA	12	1254	S15 W69
* SAC PEAK	02	1755	N27 W02		SAC PEAK	07	1915	N25 W73		OTTAWA	12	1352	N11 W65
SAC PEAK	02	1757	S15 E43		SAC PEAK	07	2030 E	N15 E01		USNRL	12	1515	N24 E31
* USNRL	02	1758	N28 W05		SAC PEAK	07	2112	S38 W07		OTTAWA	12	1517 E	N26 E30
USNRL	02	1800	S15 E44		HAWAII	07	2118	S29 W09		USNRL	12	1530	S17 E58
USNRL	02	1836	S22 E24		* SAC PEAK	07	2140	S19 W70		USNRL	12	1531	S19 E58
SAC PEAK	02	1840	S20 E25		CLIMAX	07	2337	N25 W69		USNRL	12	1555	S17 E40
SAC PEAK	02	2100	N27 W10										
SAC PEAK	02	2107	N27 W04		ATHENS	08	0700	N34 W69		ATHENS	13	0713	S25 E52
SAC PEAK	02	2110	S22 E22		* ATHENS	08	0721	N40 W24		CAPRI S	13	0714 E	S22 E55
SAC PEAK	02	2152	S14 W47		* ATHENS	08	0729	S38 R07		ATHENS	13	0728	N12 W55
SAC PEAK	02	2202	S16 E00		* WENDEL	08	0728	S39 W00		ATHENS	13	0733 E	S26 F57
SAC PEAK	02	2302	N15 W76		* WENDEL	08	0907 E	N20 W12		WENDEL	13	0902 E	N11 E41
ATHENS	03	0658	N22 F34		WENDEL	08	1035 E	N17 E35		UCCLE	13	0930	N26 W17
ATHENS	03	0658	N16 W35		WENDEL	08	1037 E	S27 W50		UCCLE	13	1047	N05 E32
ATHENS	03	0749	N18 W48		WENDEL	08	1049 F	N19 W09		* WENDEL	13	1109 E	S24 E51
* ATHENS	03	0739	S10 E27		UCCLE	08	1156	N19 W17		* USNRL	13	1132 E	S14 E25
ATHENS	03	0739	S15 E37		SAC PEAK	08	1432	N20 W16		* OTTAWA	13	1318	S23 E54
ONDREJOV	03	0931 E	S12 E33		SAC PEAK	08	1600	S18 E90		* CAPRI S	13	1322	S22 E53
OTTAWA	03	1232	S14 E35		* SAC PEAK	08	1617	N07 E60		USNRL	13	1359	S32 E58
OTTAWA	03	1301	S17 W10		CLIMAX	08	1620	N06 E63		MC MATH	13	1400 E	S18 E23
MC MATH	03	1347 F	S27 W63		* SAC PEAK	08	1640	S42 W08		USNRL	13	1433	S23 E54
* SAC PEAK	03	1400	S26 E18		* SAC PEAK	08	1647	N20 W18		* CLIMAX	13	1435 E	S22 E41
SAC PEAK	03	1402	S26 E19		SAC PEAK	08	1650	S17 W35		* CAPRI S	13	1532	S23 E55
* SAC PEAK	03	1411	S14 E70		* SAC PEAK	08	1710	N19 W16		SAC PEAK	13	1611 E	S27 E53
* SAC PEAK	03	1427	N30 W02		CLIMAX	08	1712	N19 W17		SAC PEAK	13	1716	S27 E53
* SAC PEAK	03	1429	N28 W03		* HUANCAYO	08	1926 E	N35 W67		SAC PEAK	13	1947 E	S27 E51
* USNRL	03	1431	N30 W05		SAC PEAK	08	2205	N20 E27		SAC PEAK	13	2055 E	N28 E54
* SAC PEAK	03	1522	S24 F13		SAC PEAK	08	2220 E	S18 E90		SAC PEAK	13	2115 E	S16 E21
* SAC PEAK	03	1532	S26 E17		SAC PEAK	08	2240	N17 E21		SAC PEAK	13	2235 E	N26 E46
USNRL	03	1545	N15 W90		HAWAII	08	2300	S25 E90					
SAC PEAK	03	1645	S25 E14										
CLIMAX	03	1545	S26 E13		ATHENS	09	0728	N12 W19		UCCLE	14	0851	S25 E38
SAC PEAK	03	1547	S25 E12		UCCLE	09	0741	N17 W26		UCCLE	14	1009	N24 W42
SAC PEAK	03	1707	S19 E27		* CAPRI S	09	0746 E	N17 W24		WENDEL	14	1025	S27 E48
* USNRL	03	1725	N18 E20		WENDEL	09	0940 E	N17 W19		UCCLE	14	1104	S16 E05
USNRL	03	1728	S27 E15		WENDEL	09	1021 E	N21 E38		WENDEL	14	1111 E	S15 E05
* SAC PEAK	03	1730	N16 E19		ONDREJOV	09	1052 E	N38 W41		UCCLE	14	1116 E	N24 E08
CLIMAX	03	1828	S25 E12		* WENDEL	09	1138 E	N17 W20		UCCLE	14	1140 E	S26 E46
SAC PEAK	03	1830 E	S24 E12		USNRL	09	1223	N26 E36		UCCLE	14	1145 E	S30 E44
USNRL	03	1830	S25 E12		USNRL	09	1313	N27 E37		* UCCEL	14	1155 E	S28 E39
USNRL	03	1945	N27 W18		USNRL	09	1353	N14 W22		* WENDEL	14	1155 E	S27 E42
SAC PEAK	03	2022	S14 E25		USNRL	09	1401	S40 W20		WENDEL	14	1240 E	S27 E42
SAC PEAK	03	2252	N29 W14		SAC PEAK	09	1405 E	S42 W20		USNRL	14	1241	S28 E42
SAC PEAK	03	2257	S37 E51		SAC PEAK	09	1405 E	N24 E36		CAPRI S	14	1255 E	N40 W90
ARCETRI	04	0846 E	S14 E13		USNRL	09	1405	N23 E90		USNRL	14	1309	S23 E32
ONDREJOV	04	1212	S15 W58		SAC PEAK	09	1410	N22 E90		USNRL	14	1316	S23 E47
USNRL	04	1309	N29 W25		USNRL	09	1423	N25 E35		* USNRL	14	1319	N40 W90
USNRL	04	1337	S30 W88		USNRL	09	1511 E	N17 W21		USNRL	14	1323	N12 W79
USNRL	04	1341	N21 E52		USNRL	09	1631	N14 W22		WENDEL	14	1340 E	S26 E38
* MC MATH	04	1344 E</td											

## SUBFLARES NOTED AS FOLLOWS, DATE - UNIVERSAL TIME - COORDINATES

III

OCTOBER 1957

WENDEL	14	1521	E	S19 E13	UCCLE	22	0905	N14 E54	* USNRL	27	1436	N15 W77
* SAC PEAK	14	1527	S26	E36	R O EDIN	22	0958	N15 E00	* USNRL	27	1453	E N12 W29
* SAC PEAK	14	1532	S19	E10	ARCETRI	22	1013	E N14 W01	* USNRL	27	1517	E N27 E56
* USNRL	14	1534	S20	E12	* USNRL	22	1511	N16 W05	USNRL	27	1520	S16 E57
USNRL	14	1534	S27	E35	* SAC PEAK	22	1528	E N16 W05	CLIMAX	27	1534	E S17 E56
USNRL	14	1624	S15	E07	USNRL	22	1657	N37 W65	USNRL	27	1552	S09 W04
USNRL	14	1747	S29	E48	USNRL	22	1701	S20 W58	CLIMAX	27	1622	S25 E56
* SAC PEAK	14	1847	N20	E14	SAC PEAK	22	1702	S25 E45	SAC PEAK	27	2105	S24 W35
USNRL	14	1919	S27	W30	SAC PEAK	22	1702	E N21 W60	SAC PEAK	27	2152	N22 W06
MITAKA	15	0327	S24	E24	USNRL	22	1703	S23 E43	SAC PEAK	27	2152	S10 W05
* CAPRI S	15	0757	E	S21 E32	USNRL	22	1715	N27 W10				
WENDEL	15	1138	E	N23 E05	USNRL	22	1817	S23 E43	* CAPRI S	28	1143	S20 W37
OTTAWA	15	1214	N12	E41	CAPRI S	23	0815	E N22 E37	USNRL	28	1224	E S23 W36
WENDEL	15	1215	E	N10 E43	ONDREJOV	23	1002	N06 W62	USNRL	28	1240	N13 W90
WENDEL	15	1227	E	N24 E06	CAPRI S	23	1020	E S23 E37	USNRL	28	1246	N22 W15
* DEL	15	1303	E	S23 E41	* CAPRI S	23	1313	E N19 W75	USNRL	28	1254	S22 W37
* USNRL	15	1335	E	S21 E31	USNRL	23	1320	N17 E21	USNRL	28	1256	N21 W15
* CAPRI S	15	1337	E	N12 E15	* SAC PEAK	23	1410	S29 W79	OTTAWA	28	1320	N22 W07
WENDEL	15	1350	E	N10 E42	USNRL	23	1424	N14 E17	ZURICH	28	1347	E N22 W04
OTTAWA	15	1350	N11	E40	SAC PEAK	23	1425	N14 E16	* CAPRI S	28	1350	S16 E11
USNRL	15	1351	N10	E41	USNRL	23	1522	N15 E33	SAC PEAK	28	1507	S22 W37
OTTAWA	15	1452	S21	E35	* SAC PEAK	23	1532	N14 E15	USNRL	28	1545	S23 W36
USNRL	15	1537	S20	E30	CLIMAX	23	1659	N21 E27	USNRL	28	1612	N10 W45
USNRL	15	1618	S22	E22	* SAC PEAK	23	1700	N22 E36	SAC PEAK	28	1625	N12 E45
HUANCAYO	15	1629	E	S24 E27	* USNRL	23	1701	N22 L35	SAC PEAK	28	1642	S22 W38
USNRL	15	1711	N23	E08	* SAC PEAK	23	1707	S24 W90	USNRL	28	1656	N22 W15
USNRL	15	1927	N10	W21	* SAC PEAK	23	1742	N19 E05	USNRL	28	1658	N12 W45
USNRL	15	1957	S26	E26	* SAC PEAK	23	1757	N29 W80	SAC PEAK	28	1705	N12 W45
NIZAMIAH	16	0326	S26	E22	* USNRL	23	1800	N28 W79	SAC PEAK	28	1707	S21 W38
* CAPRI S	16	0654	E	S24 E18	USNRL	23	1841	N10 E65	* SAC PEAK	28	1722	S25 E48
ARCETRI	16	0805	E	S22 E17	SAC PEAK	23	1842	N15 E19	* USNRL	28	1724	S24 E49
* R O EDIN	16	1146	E	S14 W20	USNRL	23	1842	N13 E13	USNRL	28	1820	N21 W19
* CAPRI S	16	1148	E	S16 W19	SAC PEAK	23	1847	S23 W13	USNRL	28	1904	N25 E21
USNRL	16	1324	S15	W23	SAC PEAK	23	2132	N32 E90	SAC PEAK	28	1910	S16 E07
CAPRI S	16	1338	E	S16 W19	SAC PEAK	23	2150	S30 W90	SAC PEAK	28	1912	E S16 E08
USNRL	16	1347	S23	E08	SAC PEAK	23	2220	N13 E29	SAC PEAK	28	1937	S29 E45
SAC PEAK	16	1450	S26	E11	UCCLE	24	1324	S26 E22	* USNRL	28	1948	N20 W20
USNRL	16	1451	S26	E11	UCCLE	24	1324	S24 E18	* USNRL	28	2058	N21 W11
ATHENS	16	1453	E	S25 E11	* CAPRI S	24	1332	E N16 W29	SAC PEAK	28	2100	U N21 W10
SAC PEAK	16	1512	S15	W24	ZURICH	24	1336	E S23 E17	SAC PEAK	28	2147	E S22 W04
USNRL	16	1515	S14	W22	* SAC PEAK	24	1532	N12 E15				
SAC PEAK	16	1552	S23	E06	SAC PEAK	24	2052	U N13 E12				
USNRL	16	1633	S14	W22	* CAPRI S	25	0948	E N26 W45	ONDREJOV	29	0819	S20 E35
SAC PEAK	16	1635	E	S14 W25	ZURICH	25	1105	S12 E24	CAPRI S	29	0819	S18 E31
SAC PEAK	16	1745	E	S15 W25	ZURICH	25	1123	N23 W22	USNRL	29	1229	E N18 W55
USNRL	16	1827	E	S23 E18	* CAPRI S	25	1343	E S26 E09	USNRL	29	1307	N18 E69
NIZAMIAH	17	0427	S27	E09	* CAPRI S	25	1501	N15 W00	USNRL	29	1335	N28 E32
* SAC PEAK	17	1402	E	S26 E06	* MC MATH	25	1615	E N20 E03	USNRL	29	1355	N22 W50
SAC PEAK	17	1737	E	S23 W02	SAC PEAK	25	1647	S23 E05	USNRL	29	1511	N20 W30
SAC PEAK	17	1815	S26	E06	USNRL	25	1755	S10 E88	* USNRL	29	1535	E N21 W30
SAC PEAK	17	1902	E	S24 W55	SAC PEAK	25	1756	S19 E90	CLIMAX	29	1649	E N12 W12
HUANCAYO	17	2202	E	S25 E07	SAC PEAK	25	1820	N13 E01	USNRL	29	1729	N22 W31
UCCLE	18	1126	S25	W15	USNRL	25	1821	N14 E02	USNRL	29	1731	N20 W32
ONDREJOV	19	0703	E	N22 W68	UCCLE	25	1937	E S27 E05	CLIMAX	29	1820	E S10 W29
* CAPRI S	19	0825	E	S24 W16	SAC PEAK	25	2013	N15 E00	CLIMAX	29	1847	N27 E31
* CAPRI S	19	0856	E	N25 W75	SAC PEAK	25	2055	N23 E61	CLIMAX	29	1848	N21 W24
ONDREJOV	19	0957	S24	W26	UCCLE	26	1102	E N14 W59	* USNRL	29	1853	N20 W25
* ONDREJOV	19	1019	E	S24 W26	UCCLE	26	1102	E S24 W16	HAWAII	29	1919	S'3 W04
ONDREJOV	19	1137	S25	W30	UCCLE	26	1103	E S12 E18	* USNRL	29	1922	S13 W07
USNRL	19	1210	S25	W30	UCCLE	26	1108	E S30 W05	CLIMAX	29	2005	N22 W31
USNRL	19	1218	N21	W77	UCCLE	26	1109	N24 E54	USNRL	29	2007	S21 E22
USNRL	19	1222	S18	W64	UCCLE	26	1146	N24 E55	USNRL	29	2015	S18 E28
CAPRI S	19	1244	S26	W19	UCCLE	26	1150	N11 W11	CLIMAX	29	2039	S13 W06
MC MATH	19	1319	N08	W90	UCCLE	26	1153	S11 E14	CLIMAX	29	2138	N15 W70
USNRL	19	1350	E	S20 W19	* USNRL	26	1240	E N13 W24	CLIMAX	29	2152	N11 W76
USNRL	19	1418	E	N21 W77	SAC PEAK	26	1327	S18 E69	* CAPRI S	30	0815	E S12 W40
USNRL	19	1525	N12	W81	SAC PEAK	26	1402	E S24 W18	ONDREJOV	30	0855	E N16 E59
UCCLE	20	0849	S20	W31	SAC PEAK	26	1405	S26 E75	* CAPRI S	30	0856	E S12 W40
UCCLE	20	1023	N13	E83	* SAC PEAK	26	1407	N24 E50	UCCLE	30	1032	E N24 E12
UCCLE	20	1025	N32	W60	* SAC PEAK	26	1609	N21 E13	UCCLE	30	1033	N15 W87
UCCLE	20	1036	N16	E26	* SAC PEAK	26	1505	S24 E17	UCCLE	30	1035	S20 E19
UCCLE	20	1041	N25	E63	CLIMAX	26	1510	S29 E80	* ONDREJOV	30	1039	E N21 W35
UCCLE	20	1045	N23	E45	CLIMAX	26	1512	S23 W19	UCCLE	30	1119	E N17 W86
UCCLE	20	1114	N22	E49	* USNRL	26	1519	S28 E75	CAPRI S	30	1310	E N33 E50
UCCLE	20	1122	S25	E26	CLIMAX	26	1609	N21 E13	USNRL	30	1327	E S22 E23
UCCLE	20	1143	S28	W34	SAC PEAK	26	1613	N25 E52	* SAC PEAK	30	1420	S20 E13
UCCLE	20	1158	S25	W34	* CLIMAX	26	1622	E N21 E13	SAC PEAK	30	1450	S11 W41
USNRL	20	1227	E	S29 W33	SAC PEAK	26	1634	S21 E74	SAC PEAK	30	1457	S20 E12
USNRL	20	1433	S21	W51	CLIMAX	26	1635	S22 E75	SAC PEAK	30	1532	S10 W42
USNRL	20	1433	S25	W40	SAC PEAK	26	1718	N12 W16	SAC PEAK	30	1802	S10 W43
USNRL	20	1502	E	S28 W33	SAC PEAK	26	1720	N13 W16	SAC PEAK	30	1850	N39 E54
USNRL	20	1521	S26	W41	SAC PEAK	26	1730	N12 W16	SAC PEAK	30	1915	S11 W44
USNRL	21	1523	N20	W60	SAC PEAK	26	1825	S23 E68	* SAC PEAK	30	2100	N07 E30
USNRL	21	1535	N27	W48	CLIMAX	26	1842	N15 W26	CLIMAX	30	2212	N39 E54
CLIMAX	21	1536	N28	W50	SAC PEAK	26	1842	N14 W20	SAC PEAK	30	2215	N38 E51
* CLIMAX	21	1608	S13	E80	SAC PEAK	26	1955	E N13 W16	ZURICH	31	1437	N26 W23
USNRL	21	1732	S35	W41	CLIMAX	26	2007	N17 W65	ZURICH	31	1517	N24 E01
USNRL	21	1745	N24	W52	* SAC PEAK	26	2009	N14 W46				
USNRL	21	1814	N22	E58	SAC PEAK	26	2055	N14 W17				
SAC PEAK	21	1820	E	S34 W45	SAC PEAK	26	2117	S26 E17				
USNRL	21	1820	S22	W45	CLIMAX	26	2118	E S25 E73				
CLIMAX	21	1826	S22	W44	CAPRI S	27	0815	E N14 W24				
USNRL	21	1830	N27	W49	CAPRI S	27	0915	E N14 W24				
USNRL	21	1926	N26	W49	CAPRI S	27	1000	E S26 W23				
USNRL	21	1926	N21	E57	USNRL	27	1209	N13 W36				
USNRL	21	1926	N15	W87	* USNRL	27	1318	S23 E60				
MITAKA	22	0135	N27	W53	USNRL	27	1333	N13 W20				
ATHENS	22	0725	E	S22 W51	USNRL	27	1341	N14 W73				
ATHENS	22	0902	N23	W04	USNRL	27	1343	N21 W03				
USNRL	22	1353	N27	W53	USNRL	27	1347	N21 W03				
USNRL	22	1353	N27	W53	USNRL	27	1353	N21 W00				

## IONOSPHERIC EFFECTS OF SOLAR FLARES

(SHORT-WAVE RADIO FADEOUTS)

OCTOBER 1957

Oct. 1957	Start UT	End UT	Type	Wide Spread Index	Import- ance	Observation Stations	Known Flare, UT CRPL-F 159B
02	0235	0310	G-SWF	3	1	CA, TO	
02	1528	1556	Slow S-SWF	5	1	BE, HU, MC, PR, WS	
02	2317	2340	Slow S-SWF	4	1-	AD, AN	
03	0040	0140	Slow S-SWF	5	1+	AD, CA, TO	
03	0625	0715	G-SWF	1	2	NE	
03	0727	0747	S-SWF	1	2	NE	
03	1536	1604	Slow S-SWF	3	1	HU, MC, PR	
04	1505	1610	G-SWF	3	1	CO, HU, PR	
05	0900	0909	S-SWF	1	1	NE	
05	2210	2254	Slow S-SWF	1	2	AD	
06	1232	1320	G-SWF	4	2	PR, PU	
06	1645	1707	G-SWF	4	1	HU, MC, PR	
08	0230	0254	Slow S-SWF	5	2-	AD, CA, OK	
08	1056	1126	S-SWF	1	3	HH	
09	1905	1925	Slow S-SWF	4	1	HU, MC, PR, WS	
09	0340	0424	Slow S-SWF	5	1+	AN, CA, OK, TO	
10	0902	0914	S-SWF	1	3?	HH	
10	1607	1810	Slow S-SWF	5	3	AN, BE, CR, HU, MC, PR, WS, CW*	
10	1810	1930	S-SWF	3	2	BE, MC, PR, WS	
11	1430	1502	G-SWF	3	1	HU, MC, PR	
11	1512	1527	S-SWF	2	1-	HU, MC	
11	1632	1712	Slow S-SWF	5	1	AN, BE, CR, HU, MC, PR, WS	
12	0900	0916	S-SWF	1	3	HH	
12	1013	1022	S-SWF	1	1	PU	
12	1358	1408	S-SWF	2	1-	HU, MC	
13	0541	0606	S-SWF	1	1	NE	
13	1530	1615	S-SWF	5	2	BE, CR, HU, MC, NE, PR, WS	
13	1745	1820	Slow S-SWF	5	1	BE, CR, HU, MC, PR, WS	
14	0144	0223	S-SWF	4	2	AN, TO	
14	0412	0504	S-SWF	4	2	AN, TO	
14	1135	1200	Slow S-SWF	1	2	NE	
14	1324	1415	Slow S-SWF	5	1+	BE, CR, HU, MC, NE, PR, WS	
14	1712	1800	S-SWF	5	2+	AN, BE, CR, DA, HU, MC, PR, WS, RCA*	
15	0242	0317	S-SWF	5	2	AD, CA, OK, TO, CW+	
15	2013	2030	Slow S-SWF	3	1	AN, HU, MC	
15	2150	2202	S-SWF	5	1+	AD, AN, BE, HU, MC, PR, TO, WS	
16	0050	0115	Slow S-SWF	1	2	CA	
16	0150	0210	S-SWF	5	2+	AD, AN, CA, OK, TO, CW+, RCA+	
16	0417	0447	Slow S-SWF	5	2	CA, NE, OK, TO, CW+	
16	0534	0624	S-SWF	1	2	NE	
17	1420	1510	Slow S-SWF	5	2	BE, CR, HH, HU, MC, NE, PR, WS, CW**	*
17	1732	1753	Slow S-SWF	5	1	AN, BE, HU, MC, PR	
17	1830	1910	G-SWF	2	1	MC, PR	
18	0005	0135	S-SWF	3	2	AD, CA	
18	0247	0317	S-SWF	1	2	TO	
18	0820	0840	S-SWF	1	3?	HH	
18	2200	2235	S-SWF	5	2+	AD, AN, BE, HU, MC, TO, WS, RCA+	
19	0126	0146	Slow S-SWF	5	1+	AD, CA, OK, TO	
19	0406	0430	S-SWF	3	1	OK, CW+	
19	0620	0715	Slow S-SWF	5	1+	OK, PU, CW+, CW**	

## IONOSPHERIC EFFECTS OF SOLAR FLARES

IIIj

(SHORT-WAVE RADIO FADEOUTS)

OCTOBER 1957

Oct. 1957	Start UT	End UT	Type	Wide Spread Index	Impor- tance	Observation Stations	Known Flare, UT CRPL-F 159B
19	0807	0851	S-SWF	1	2	PU	
19	1031	1138	Slow S-SWF	1	2	PU	0757
19	1700	1840	G-SWF	3	1+	MC, PR	1035E
19	1918	1955	S-SWF	5	2	AN, BE, CR, HU, MC, PR, TO, WS	
20	0149	0350	G-SWF	1	3	OK	1916
20	0242	0320	S-SWF	5	2+	AD, AN, TO, CW++	
20	0945	1000	S-SWF	4	3	HH, NE, PU	
20	1639	1915	S-SWF	5	3+	BE, CR, DA, HU, MC, NE, PR, TO, WA, WS, CW**, RCA*	0939
21	1215	1250	S-SWF	5	2	DA, HU, NE, PU	1637
21	1610	1635	Slow S-SWF	5	1	BE, MC, PR, WS	1212
							1610
21	1813	1852	G-SWF	3	1	MC, PR	
22	0400	0417	Slow S-SWF	1	1	OK	
22	0500	0520	Slow S-SWF	1	1	OK	0406E
23	0227	0255	S-SWF	4	1+	OK, TO	0503E
23	0428	0447	S-SWF	1	1+	OK	0240E
23	0620	0652	S-SWF	5	2	OK, CW+, CW**	
23	2347	0007	S-SWF	5	1	AD, OK, TO	0623E
24	0020	0033	S-SWF	4	1	AD,	
24	0705	0732	S-SWF	1	-	CW+	
24	1420	1500	Slow S-SWF	5	1	BE, CR, HU, MC, PR	0703E
24	1520	1700	Slow S-SWF	3	1	BE, MC, PR	
24	2259	2308	S-SWF	5	1	AD, AN, TO	1553E
25	0855	0910	S-SWF	1	3?	HH	
25	0948	1018	S-SWF	1	3?	HH	0836
25	1044	1104	S-SWF	3	2	HH, NE	0943
							1043
25	1502	1528	Slow S-SWF	5	2-	BE, HH, HU, MC, PR, WS	
25	1658	1715	Slow S-SWF	5	1	BE, HU, MC, PR	1500
25	1833	1940	Slow S-SWF	5	3-	BE, CR, HU, MC, PR, WS	1649
25	2325	2345	Slow S-SWF	1	2	CA	1855E
26	0135	0155	S-SWF	5	2	AN, CA, OK	
26	0758	0823	S-SWF	1	3?	HH	
27	0037	0101	S-SWF	5	2-	AD, CA, OK, TO	
27	0130	0152	S-SWF	5	2	AD, CA, OK, TO, CW+	
27	1207	1222	S-SWF	3	2-	PR, PU	1207E
27	1228	1309	S-SWF	3	2-	PR, PU	1227
27	1933	1942	Slow S-SWF	3	1	MC, PR	
29	0420	0454	Slow S-SWF	4	1+	AN, OK	
29	0828	0843	S-SWF	1	2	PU	0819E
29	1047	1117	S-SWF	5	2	DA, HU, PU	1050E
29	1514	1525	Slow S-SWF	5	2	HH, HU, MC, PR	1515
29	1533	1555	Slow S-SWF	5	1+	BE, CR, HU, MC, PR, WS	
29	1730	1755	Slow S-SWF	3	1	MC, PR	1531
30	1427	1448	Slow S-SWF	4	1	HU, MC, PR	1427E
31	1720	1745	Slow S-SWF	5	2	BE, CR, HU, MC, PR, WS	1735E

CA = Canberra, Australia.

CR = Cornell University, N.Y.

DA = Darmstadt, G.F.R.

HH = Heinrich Hertz Institute, Berlin.

NE = Nederhorst den Berg, Netherlands.

PU = Prague, Czech.

TO = Hiraiso Radio Wave Observatory, Japan.

CW\* = Cable and Wireless, Barbadoes.

CW\*\* = Cable and Wireless, Somerton, England.

CW\*\*\* = Cable and Wireless, Brentwood, England.

CW+ = Cable and Wireless, Hongkong.

CW++ = Cable and Wireless, Accra.

RCA† = RCA Communications, Inc., Pt. Reyes, Calif.

RCA\* = RCA Communications, Inc., Riverhead, N.Y.

WA = Watheroo.

**SOLAR RADIO EMISSION**  
**OUTSTANDING OCCURRENCES**  
**NOVEMBER 1957**

OTTAWA

2800 MC

Nov. 1957	Type*	Start UT Hrs:Mins	Duration Hrs:Mins	Maximum		Remarks
				Time UT Hrs:Mins	Peak Flux	
1	2 Simple 2	16 57.9	1.5	16 58.1	9	
2	3 Simple 3	14 01.5	12	14 06	13	
2	3 Simple 3	16 23	11	16 25	9	
2	1 Simple 1	17 54	4	17 55.5	7	
5	2 Simple 2 f	12 05	8	12 07.3	550	
	4 Post Increase		4 30		16	
7	2 Simple 2	17 18.7	1	17 19	11	
7	6 Complex f	19 41.3	12	19 46	163	
8	2 Simple 2	16 13.5	1.5	16 14	13	
8	8 Group (2)	20 01.2	5.7			
	2 Simple 2 f	20 01.2	3.5	20 02.6	14	
	2 Simple 2 f	20 05	1.9	20 05.8	31	
9	1 Simple 1	15 09	5	15 11.5	5	
10	7 Fluctuations	14 46	12	14 47.2	10	
10	6 Complex	16 10	3	16 10.8	9	
10	8 Group (4)	18 04.7	14.3			
	2 Simple 2	18 04.7	0.5	18 04.9	15	
	1 Simple 1	18 10	2	18 10.8	5	
	1 Simple 1	18 14.2	1	18 14.5	4	
	2 Simple 2	18 17	2	18 17.3	10	
10	1 Simple 1	19 36	4	19 37.5	6	
11	6 Complex f	14 12.2	17	14 18.8	167	
12	2 Simple 2	12 48	4	12 49.2	10	
12	8 Group (2)	13 53	5.5			
	1 Simple 1	13 53	2	13 54	6	
	1 Simple 1	13 57.5	1	13 57.8	5	
13	3 Simple 3 A f	19 32.5	>1 50	20 04.5	18	
	2 Simple 2	19 32.5	3	19 33.7	18	
14	1 Simple 1	19 07	2	19 08	7	
14	1 Simple 1	19 46.3	1.5	19 46.8	5	
15	6 Complex f	15 30.5	9	15 36.3	21	
15	1 Simple 1	16 29.8	1.5	19 30.5	5	
16	3 Simple 3	18 08	12	18 14	4	
17	1 Simple 1	13 59.5	1	14 00	4	
17	3 Simple 3 A	14 20	7.5	14 22	5	
	2 Simple 2	14 23.5	1.5	14 23.9	20	
17	2 Simple 2	14 40	6	14 42	10	
17	1 Simple 1	16 29.4	2	16 29.8	3	
20	8 Group (2)	14 38.4	1.8			
	1 Simple 1	14 38.4	0.5	14 38.6	6	
	1 Simple 1	14 39.7	0.5	14 40	4	
20	2 Simple 2	14 52	3.5	14 53	8	
20	3 Simple 3 A	17 15	4	19 05	22	
	1 Simple 1	17 30	1.5	17 30.5	7	
	2 Simple 2	18 19.8	2	18 20.4	10	
	2 Simple 2	18 58.8	2	18 59.3	17	

**SOLAR RADIO EMISSION**  
**OUTSTANDING OCCURRENCES**  
**NOVEMBER 1957**

OTTAWA

2800 MC

Nov. 1957	Type*	Start UT Hrs:Mins	Duration Hrs:Mins	Maximum		Remarks
				Time UT Hrs:Mins	Peak Flux	
21	3 Simple 3 A	14 36	>6 30	15 12.5	22	
	1 Simple 1	14 59	2.5	15 00	6	
	1 Simple 1	16 32	6	16 35	7	
	3 Simple 3	16 48	20	16 56	7	
	2 Simple 2	18 33	6	18 34	35	
22	1 Simple 1	13 17.3	1	13 17.8	4	
22	8 Group (2)	13 24.5	5.8			
	2 Simple 2	13 24.5	2	13 25	8	
	2 Simple 2	13 27.3	3	13 28.2	32	
22	2 Simple 2	13 46.9	2	13 47.2	12	
22	2 Simple 2	18 00	1.5	18 00.2	29	
23	3 Simple 3 f A	15 02	3 30	15 47	26	
	1 Simple 1	16 10	2.5	16 10.8	7	
24	1 Simple 1	14 00.8	1	14 01	7	
24	3 Simple 3 f A	18 11	>3	18 55	38	
	2 Simple 2 f	19 31	3.5	19 32.6	27	
25	1 Simple 1	14 32.8	0.5	14 32.9	7	
25	3 Simple 3	15 50	20	15 56	7	
25	2 Simple 2	17 11.5	1	17 12	155	
25	8 Group (2)	18 56.8	2.9			
	1 Simple 1	18 56.8	1	18 57	5	
	2 Simple 2	18 58.2	1.5	18 58.9	8	
25	8 Group (3)	19 40.7	7.1			
	1 Simple 1	19 40.7	1	19 41	4	
	1 Simple 1	19 42.7	2.5	19 43.9	7	
26	6 Complex	19 46.3	1.5	19 47	20	
26	6 Complex	14 46.7	6	19 47.4	10	
27	2 Simple 2	13 06	5	13 07.4	42	
27	3 Simple 3 A	19 03	1	19 23	10	
	2 Simple 2	19 03	8	19 06.5	17	
27	2 Simple 2	20 34.5	2	20 35.5	10	
28	3 Simple 3 A	14 11	6	indet.	19	
	2 Simple 2	14 21.7	1.5	14 22.2	15	
29	2 Simple 2	12 34.9	1	12 35.2	68	(In sunrise)
29	6 Complex	17 13	4.5	17 14.4	45	
	4 Post Increase		1 10		17	
29	2 Simple 2	20 32.3	0.5	20 32.6	10	
30	2 Simple 2	13 04.8	8	13 07	60	

SOLAR RADIO EMISSION  
DAILY DATA

CORNELL

NOVEMBER 1957

200 MC

Nov. 1957	Flux Density $10^{-22} \text{W m}^{-2}(\text{c/s})^{-1}$ Hours UT	Variability 0 to 3 Hours UT	Observing Periods			
			12	15	18	Hours UT
	12 15 18 15 18 21	12 15 18 15 18 21				
1	[[15 15 20	[[1 1 1				1340-2100
2	[[16 15 -	[[2 1 -				1335-1720
3	[[15 15 -	[[1 1 -				1330-1730
4	[[124 23 14	[[1 1 0				1330-2130
5	[[12 13 13	[[0 0 1				1335-1630, 1650-2100
6	[[21 19 15]	[[2 2 1]				1350-1940
7	[[12 12 12]]	[[1 1 1]]				1330-1915
8	[[12 13 13	[[0 1 1				1335-1530, 1610-2105
9	[[12 13] -	[[0 1] -				1330-1700
10	[[11 11] -	[[1 0] -				1340-1700
11	[[12 13 12]	[[1 0 0]				1345-2110
12	[[11 13 12	[[0 1 1				1350-2045
13	[[13 13 13]	[[1 0 1]				1350-2005
14	[[14 [[13 12]	[[2 [[0 1]				1345-1450, 1645-1925
15	[[15 14 13]]	[[2 1 0]]				1335-2035
16	[[14 14] -	[[0 1] -				1335-1710
17	[[13 14] -	[[1 1] -				1340-1705
18	[[11 11 11]	[[0 0 0]				1335-2100
19	[[11 11 11]	[[1 0 0]				1335-1945
20	[[11 12 32]]	[[0 0 1]]				1340-1915
21	[[11 [12 11]	[[1 [0 1]				1335-1440, 1600-1940
22	[[13 13 13]	[[0 0 0]				1335-1435, 1450-1515,
23	[[26 25] -	[[2 2] -				1345-1700 1525-1925
24	[[42 60] -	[[2 2] -				1335-1700
25	[[117 104 49]	[[2 2 2]				1355-2110
26	[[31 25 26]	[[2 1 1]				1350-2045
27	[[28 27 22]	[[1 1 1]				1340-2045
28	- - -	- - -				
29	- - [[54 180]]	- - [[2 1]]				1340-2115
30	[[50 40] -	[[2 2] -				1335-1705

[=first hour missing.

[[=first two hours missing.

]=last hour missing.

]]=last two hours missing.

## SOLAR RADIO EMISSION

IVd

## OUTSTANDING OCCURRENCES

NOVEMBER 1957

CORNELL

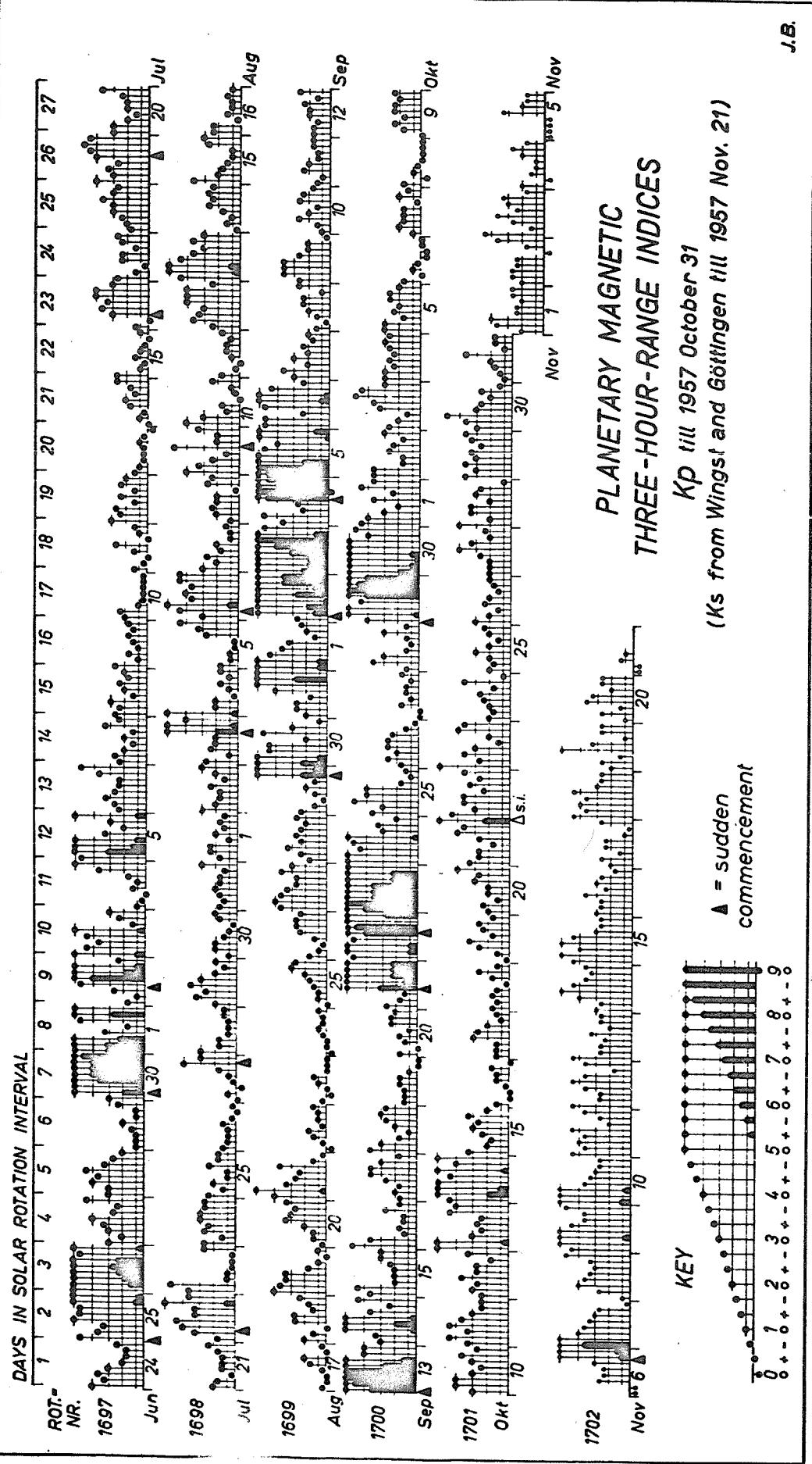
200 MC

Nov. 1957	Type Ap.J	Start UT	Time of Maximum	Duration Minutes	Type IAU	Max. Flux Density $10^{-22} \text{ W m}^{-2} (\text{c/s})^{-1}$		Remarks
						Inst.	Smooth	
1	0	1441.5		106	CD	27	10	
	0	1837		96	SA	34	16	
	0	2021		>38	SA			
3	8	1651.5		5	ECD	>45	>23	
4	9	b1330	1343.5	>15	CD	>450	71	off-scale 1652-53.5 UT
	9	1346		131	M			
8	3	1745.5		2	ECD	>45	>26	
9	2	1643		1.5	ECD	>45	>27	
10	2	1453		3.5	ECD	>45	>28	off-scale 1643-43.5 UT
11	8	1413		17	ECD	>45	>27	off-scale 1418.5-21, 1421.5-22.5, 1424, 1427 UT
12	1	1712.5		44	E			
15	1	1341		63	E			
16	2	1534.5		3	ECD			
	2	1636		1	ECD			
	2	1639.5		1	ECD			
17	2	1418.5		11	ECD			off-scale 1424.5-25 UT
	2	1636		7	ECD			
	3	1650		1	ECD	>45	24	
18	3	1633		.5	ECD	>45	>27	
	3	2056.5		1.5	ECD	>45	>28	off-scale
19	3	1358		.5	ECD	>45	>29	
	3	1422		.5	ECD	>45	>29	off-scale
20	3	1347		1	ECD	>45	27	off-scale
	0	1728.5		99	E	>45	17	off-scale 1746.5, 1747- 1752.5, 1814.5-15 UT
21	3	1416	1416.5	1	ECD	>45	>28	
25	3	1711.5	1712	1.5	CA	>450	180	
	3	1858		2	ECD	>250	>91	
	3	2009.5	2010	1	CA	>250	110	
27	1	1342		96	F			
	2	1631.5		45	E			
	3	1843		1.5	ECA	>45	>21	
	3	1947.5		1.5	ECA	>45	>22	off-scale 1948-48.5 UT
	3	2019		.5	ECA	>45	>22	
29	0	1625		>288	E			

## GEOMAGNETIC ACTIVITY INDICES

OCTOBER 1957

Oct. 1957	C	Values Kp								Sum	Ap	Final Selected Days
		Three hour Gr. interval										
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8			
1	1.1	4+	40	30	20	4-	2+	4+	4-	27+	21	28
2	0.8	4-	4-	2-	2-	3-	2+	2-	30	20+	12	102
3	1.0	3-	20	1+	3+	4-	5-	4+	30	250	19	135
4	0.8	30	30	2+	3-	2+	3-	30	3-	22-	12	145
5	0.7	30	30	2-	2+	20	3-	3-	20	19+	10	112
6	0.1	2-	0+	10	1-	00	00	0+	0+	4+	2	30
7	0.2	10	20	2-	2-	2-	1-	20	1+	120	6	11
8	0.0	2-	00	10	1-	0+	0+	0+	0+	5-	3	7
9	0.5	0+	2-	2+	2-	2+	2+	20	2+	150	7	13
10	1.0	30	40	40	30	2+	30	4-	3-	26-	18	8
11	1.1	3+	4+	3+	4+	4-	30	2+	2+	27-	19	6
12	0.9	2+	30	3-	4-	3-	3-	2-	3+	220	13	7
13	1.2	50	5+	30	2+	3-	2+	4+	40	290	26	160
14	1.5	4+	6+	6-	50	4+	5+	40	50	400	50	38
15	0.8	3+	20	2-	2+	30	3-	3+	20	20+	12	14
16	0.1	1+	0+	0+	1-	1+	1+	2-	0+	7+	4	12
17	0.4	1+	1+	1+	30	3-	20	10	1+	140	7	12
18	0.2	2-	1+	2-	1+	1-	2-	3-	1+	12+	6	12
19	0.5	1-	1+	3-	3+	2-	2+	3-	2-	16+	9	4
20	0.7	20	2+	1+	20	20	30	3-	40	19+	11	6
21	1.3	3+	3-	3-	2-	3-	40	4-	7-	27+	28	74
22	1.1	4+	30	4-	4-	2+	3+	3-	4-	27-	19	104
23	1.1	50	3-	4-	30	1+	20	40	4-	25+	20	164
24	0.5	20	2-	20	2+	3-	2-	4-	10	170	9	33
25	0.4	20	2-	20	30	20	1+	20	2+	16+	8	14
26	0.4	30	20	1+	2+	20	1+	2-	20	16-	8	8
27	0.7	20	20	20	3-	40	3+	20	2+	20+	12	11
28	0.7	40	20	3+	3+	20	30	3-	10	21+	14	10
29	1.0	4-	30	4-	30	3+	3-	3+	4-	26+	18	139
30	0.9	30	4-	5-	30	3-	20	3-	1+	230	16	56
31	0.5	10	1+	2-	20	4-	10	2-	2-	140	8	26
Mean:		0.72								Mean: 14		31



## CRPL RADIO PROPAGATION QUALITY FIGURES AND FORECASTS

## NORTH ATLANTIC

OCTOBER 1957

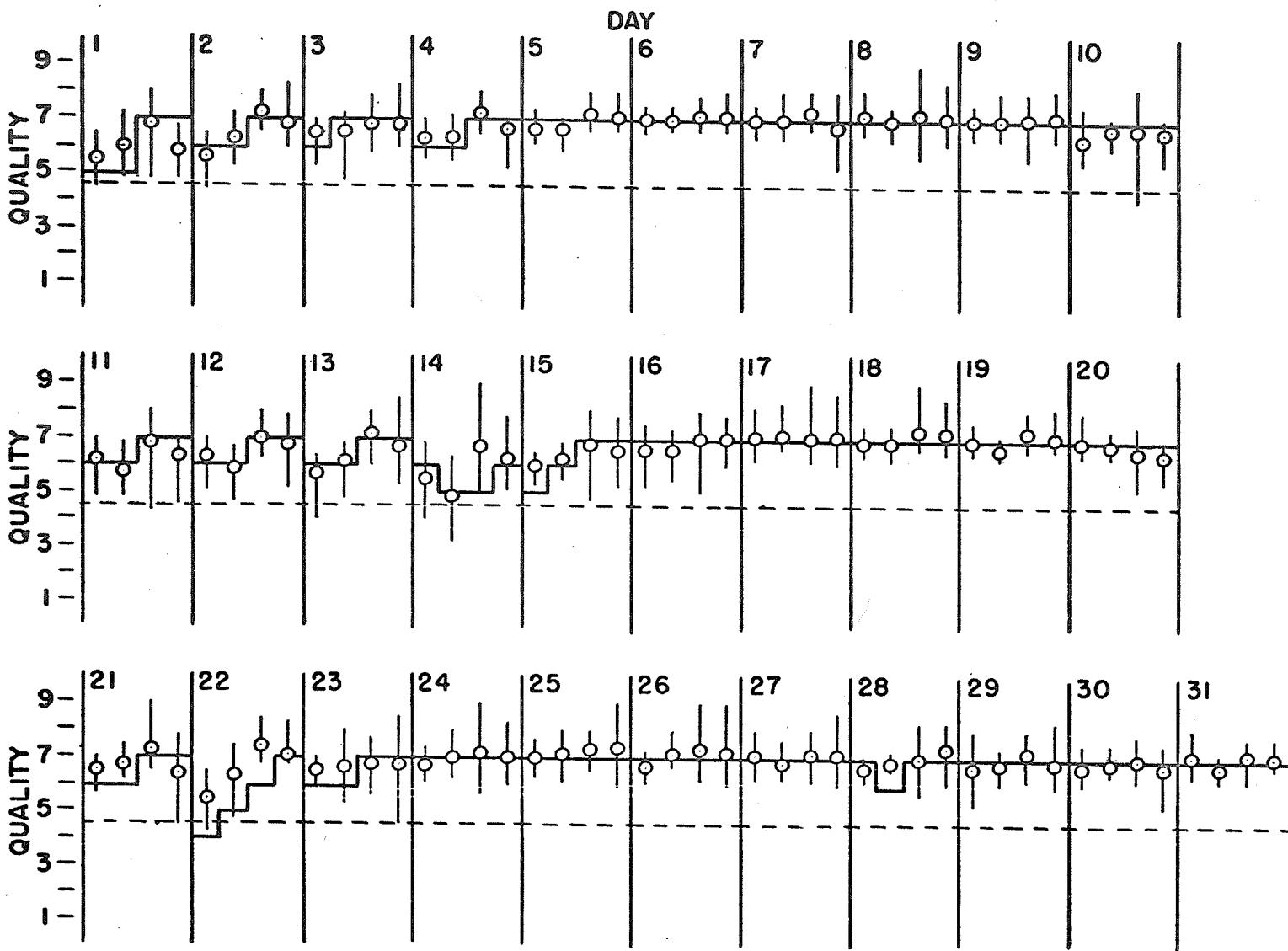
Oct. 1957	North Atlantic 6-hourly quality figures				Whole day index	Advance forecasts (J-reports) for whole day; issued in advance by:			Geomag- netic K <sub>Fr</sub>	
	00	06	12	18		00	06	12	18	
	to 06	to 12	to 18	to 24						
1	6-	6o	7o	6o	5	5	7	7	6	3
2	6-	6+	7+	7-	6	6	7	7	7	3
3	7-	6+	7o	7-	6	7	7	7	7	2
4	6+	5+	7+	7-	6	6	7	7	6	2
5	7-	7-	7+	7o	7	7	7	7	6	2
6	7o	7o	7+	7o	7	7	7	7	7	1
7	7o	7o	7+	7o	7	7	7	7	7	2
8	7+	7o	7+	7o	7	7	7	7	7	1
9	7o	7o	7o	7+	7	7	7	7	7	2
10	6+	7-	7-	7-	7	7	7	7	7	(4)
11	6+	6-	7-	6+	6	6	7	7	6	(4)
12	6+	6o	7o	7-	6	6	7	7	6	3
13	6-	6o	7o	7-	6	6	7	7	6	(4)
14	6-	5o	7-	6+	6	5	5	6	7	(5)
15	6o	6+	7-	7-	5	6	7	7	6	2
16	7-	7-	7o	7o	7	7	7	7	6	0
17	7o	7+	7o	7o	7	7	7	7	6	1
18	7o	7o	7+	7+	7	7	7	7	7	2
19	7o	7-	7+	7o	7	7	7	7	6	2
20	7o	7o	7-	7-	7	7	7	7	5	2
21	7-	7-	7+	6+	6	6	7	7	5	2
22	6-	6+	7+	7o	4	5	6	7	4	3
23	7-	7-	7-	7-	6	6	7	7	3	3
24	7-	7o	7o	7o	7	7	7	7	5	2
25	7o	7o	7+	7+	7	7	7	7	7	2
26	7-	7o	7+	7+	7	7	7	7	7	2
27	7o	7o	7o	7o	7	7	7	7	6	2
28	7-	7o	7o	7+	7	6	7	7	7	3
29	7-	7-	7+	7o	7	7	7	7	7	3
30	7-	7o	7o	7-	7	7	7	7	7	3
31	7o	7-	7+	7o	7	7	7	7	7	1
<b>Score: Quiet Periods</b>				P 24 25 29 28			19	17		
				S 6 6 1 3			7	12		
				U 0 0 1 0			3	2		
				F 1 0 0 0			2	0		
<b>Disturbed Periods</b>				P 0 0 0 0			0	0		
				S 0 0 0 0			0	0		
				U 0 0 0 0			0	0		
				F 0 0 0 0			0	0		

( ) represent disturbed values.

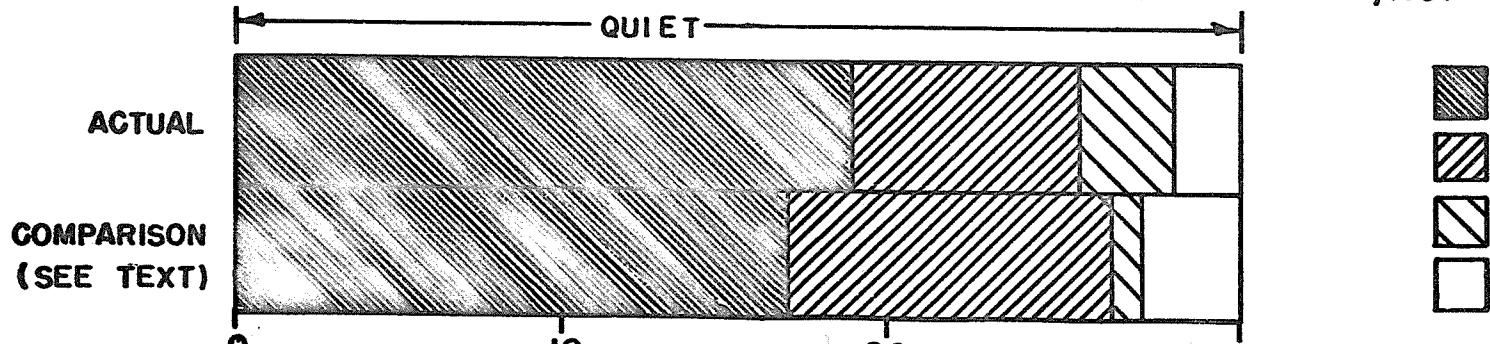
**CRPL RADIO PROPAGATION QUALITY FIGURES AND FORECASTS  
NORTH ATLANTIC  
OCTOBER 1957**

— Short-term forecast  
• Quality figure

| Range of reports

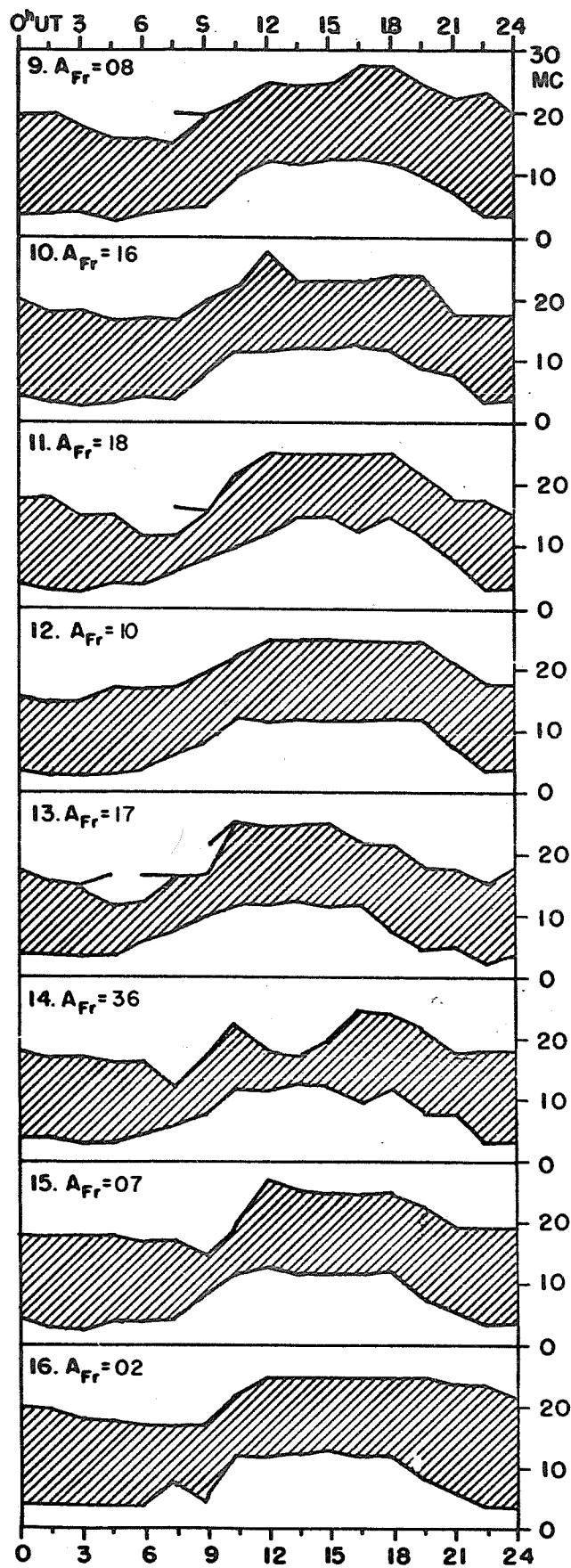
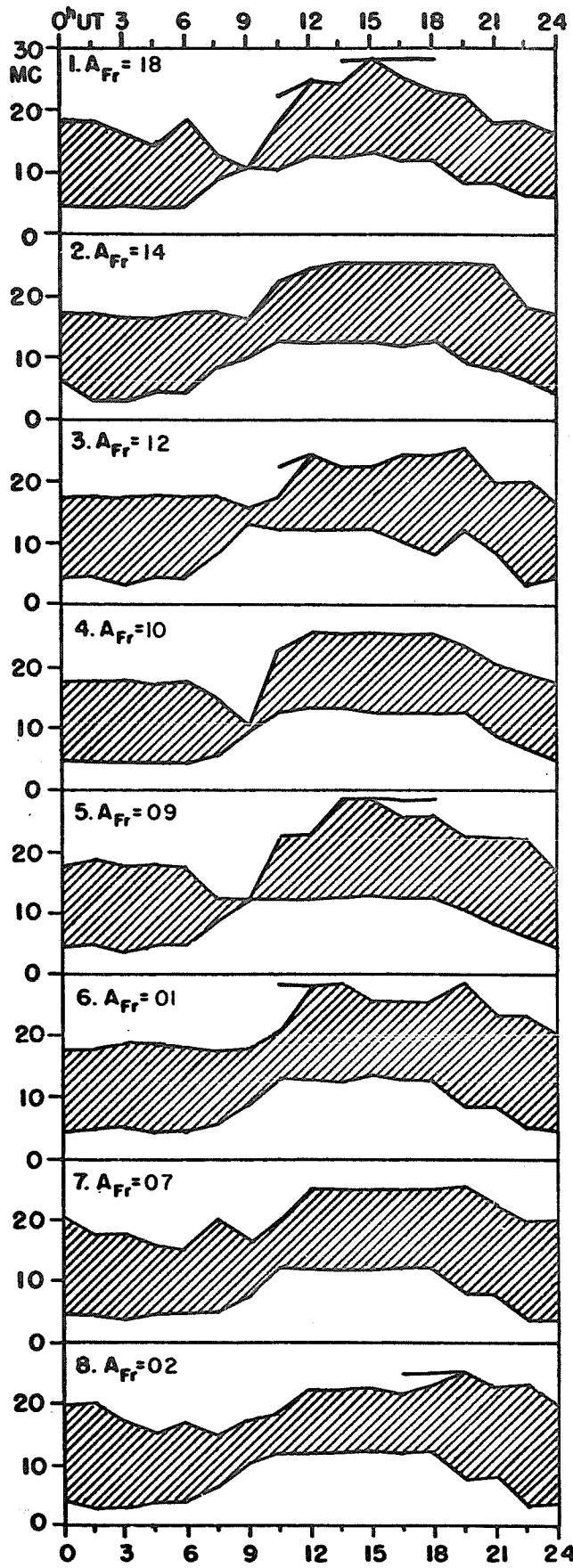


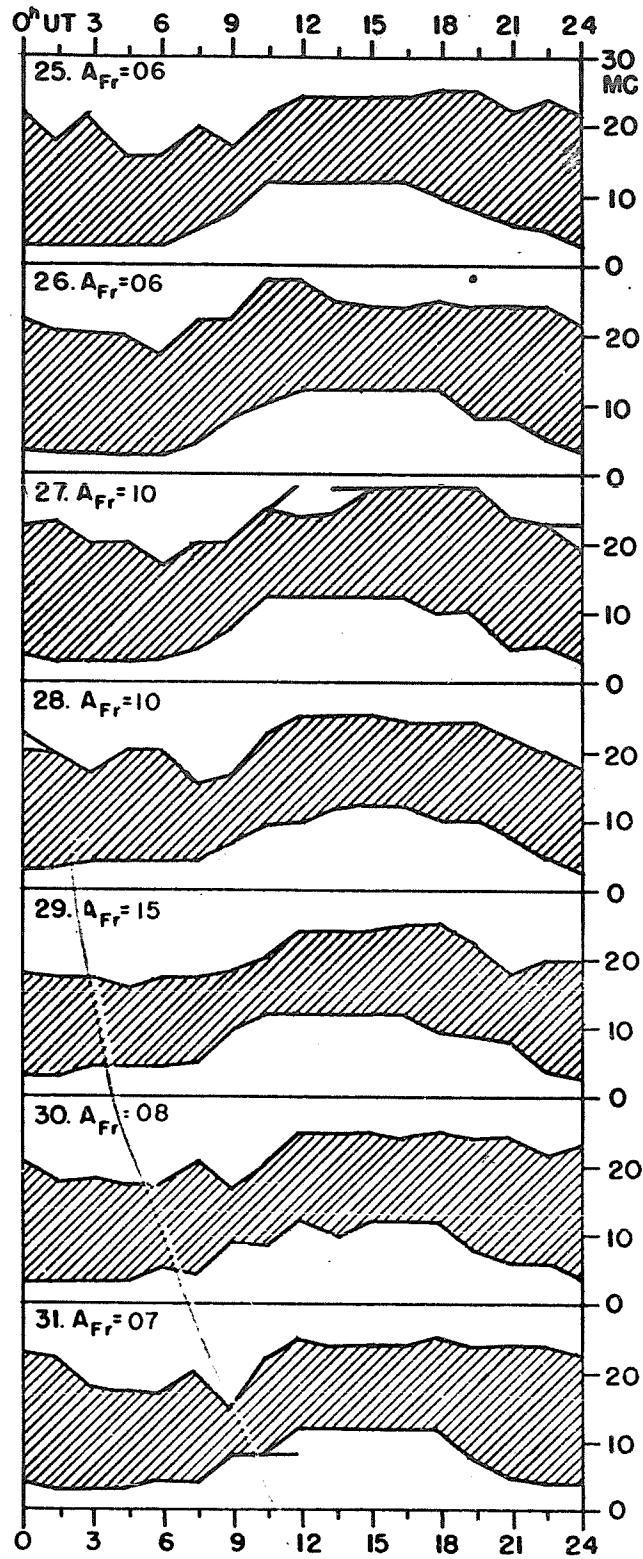
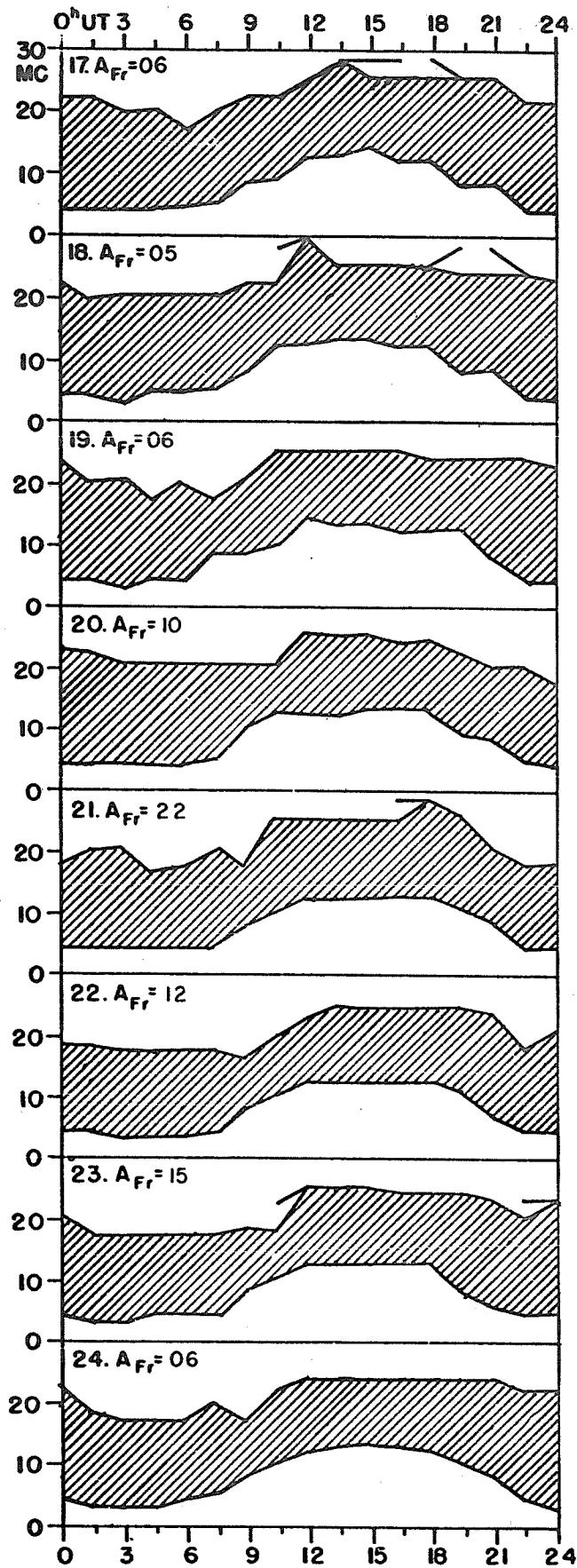
**OUTCOME OF ADVANCE FORECASTS (1 TO 4 DAYS AHEAD) — OCTOBER, 1957**



## USEFUL FREQUENCY RANGES -- NORTH ATLANTIC PATH

OCTOBER 1957





## CRPL RADIO PROPAGATION QUALITY FIGURES AND FORECASTS

## NORTH PACIFIC

OCTOBER 1957

Oct. 1957	North Pacific 8-hourly quality figures	Short-term fore- casts issued at	Whole day index	Advance forecasts (Jp reports) for whole day; issued in advance by:			Geomag- netic K <sub>SI</sub>						
				03 to 11 11	11 to 19 19	19 to 03 03		02	10	18	1-4 days	4-7 days	8-25 days
1	6 5 6	5 5 6	6	5	4		3	3					
2	6 6 6	6 6 6	6	6	6		3	2					
3	6 6 6	6 6 6	6	6	6		2	(4)					
4	6 7 6	6 6 6	7	6	6		2	3					
5	7 6 6	6 7 6	7	6	6		3	2					
6	7 6 7	6 6 6	7	6	6		1	0					
7	7 7 7	6 7 7	7	6	6		1	2					
8	7 6 6	7 7 7	7	6	6		1	0					
9	7 6 6	7 7 6	7	7	7		1	2					
10	6 6 6	7 5 6	6	7	7		(4)	3					
11	6 4 6	6 6 6	5	7	7		(4)	(4)					
12	6 5 6	6 4 6	6	6	7		3	3					
13	6 6 7	6 6 6	6	6	7		(4)	3					
14	4 4 5	6 4 5	5	6	7		(6)	(5)					
15	6 6 6	5 6 6	6	6	7		2	3					
16	6 6 6	6 7 7	6	6	6		0	1					
17	7 7 6	7 7 7	7	6	6		1	2					
18	7 6 6	7 7 7	7	6	6		1	2					
19	6 7 5	7 6 7	6	7	3		2	2					
20	6 6 6	7 7 7	6	7	4		1	3					
21	7 7 7	6 7 6	7	6	6		2	3					
22	6 6 6	6 6 6	6	6	6		(4)	3					
23	6 6 6	6 6 6	6	6	6		3	2					
24	7 7 7	6 7 7	7	6	6		1	3					
25	7 7 6	7 7 7	7	6	6		1	2					
26	7 7 7	7 6 7	7	6	6		1	2					
27	7 6 6	6 6 7	7	6	6		2	3					
28	6 6 7	7 6 7	7	6	6		3	2					
29	7 6 7	7 6 7	7	6	6		3	3					
30	7 7 7	7 6 6	7	7	7		3	3					
31	7 6 6	7 7 7	7	7	7		3	2					
Score:		Quiet Periods	P	18	16	18		13	8				
			S	12	13	12		16	18				
			U	0	0	1		1	2				
			F	0	0	0		1	3				
Disturbed Periods		P	0	1	0		0	0					
		S	0	0	0		0	0					
		U	0	0	0		0	0					
		F	1	1	0		0	0					

( ) represent disturbed values.